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Messrs. Bunion Electronic Co., Ltd.

Products Specification

Products name	COLOR TFT-LCD
Type name	AA121XH03

This products specification includes d/d(documents and drawings) in the below table.

item	d/d No.	Rev. No	Title of d/d	Number of Pages	Remarks
01	AA121XH03 - 02 - 05		AA121XH03 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION	27	
02	AA121 - 03	D	12.1"LCD Module(AA121 Series) PACKAGING SPECIFICATION	7	
03	PRODUCTLABELE	м	PRODUCTS NUMBER LABELING FORMS	3	
04	AA121XH03 - 06	D	LAMP UNIT for 12.1"XGA (AA121XH**)	9	
05		1 4 6 6 5			

	Authorization for submission, (Jul.2, 2007)						
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(note 1) Three copies of this specification are submitted. Please return one copy with the receipt signature to us.

(note 2) When altering this specification, please consult us in advance and correct with red ink.

(note 3) In the case that we change applicable specifications, the revised specification shall be submitted for your receipt.

	Specification Receipt						
Date	Name	Title	Signature				

Products Specification	Rev. No.
ADPS - AA121XH03 - 01 - 05	

For Bunion Electronic Co., Ltd.

12.1" XGA



MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC Corp.

Date: Jul.2,'07

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1. APPLICATION

This specification applies to color TFT-LCD module, AA121XH03.

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MITSUBISHI classifies the usage of the TFT-LCD module as follows. Please confirm the usage before using the product.

(1) Standard Usage

Computers, office equipment, factory automation equipment, test and measurement equipment, communications, transportation equipment(automobiles, ships, trains, etc.), provided, however, that operation is not influenced by TFT-LCD directly.

(2) Special Usage

Medical equipment, safety equipment, transportation equipment, provided, however, that TFT-LCD is necessary to its operation.

(3) Specific Usage

Cockpit Equipment, military systems, aerospace equipment, nuclear reactor control systems, life support systems and any other equipment. MITSUBISHI should make a contract that stipulate apportionment of responsibilities between MITSUBISHI and our customer.

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MITSUBISHI has been making continuous effort to improve the reliability of its products. Customers should implement sufficient reliability design of their application equipments such as redundant system design, fail-safe functions, anti-failure features.

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Please contact and consult a MITSUBISHI sales representative for any questions regarding this product.

2. OVERVIEW

AA121XH03 is 12.1" color TFT-LCD (Thin Film Transistor Liquid Crystal Display) module composed of LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit, and backlight unit.

By applying 6 bit or 8 bit digital data, 1024×768 , 262k-color or 16.7M-color images are displayed on the 12.1" diagonal screen. Input power voltage is single 3.3V for LCD driving.

The type of data and control signals are digital and transmitted via LVDS interface per Typ. 65 MHz clock cycle.

Inverter for backlight is not included in this module. General specifications are summarized in the following table:

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Display Area (mm)	245.76(H) × 184.32(V) (12.106-inch diagonal)
Number of Dots	$1024 \times 3 (H) \times 768 (V)$
Pixel Pitch (mm)	$0.240 \text{ (H)} \times 0.240 \text{ (V)}$
Color Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe
Display Mode	Normally white TN
Number of Color	262 k(6 bit/color), 16.7 M(8 bit/color)
Luminance (cd/m ²)	320
Wide Viewing Angle Technology	Optical Compensation Film
Viewing Angle (CR \ge 10)	-65~65° (H) -75~45° (V)
Surface Treatment	Anti-glare and hard-coating 3H
Electrical Interface	LVDS
Optimum Viewing Angle(Contrast ratio)	6 o'clock
Module Size (mm)	280.0 (W) × 210.0 (H) × 12.0 (D)
Module Mass (g)	720
Backlight Unit	CCFL, 2-tubes, edge-light, replaceable

Characteristic value without any note is typical value.

3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Power Supply Voltage for LCD	VCC	0	4.0	V
Logic Input Voltage	VI	-0.3	VCC+0.3	V
Lamp Voltage	VL	0	2000	Vrms
Lamp Current	IL	0	18	mArms
Lamp Frequency	FL		80	kHz
Operation Temperature(Panel) Note 1,2)	Top(Panel)	-20	70	°C
Operation Temperature(Ambient) Note 2)	Top(Ambient)	-20	70	°C
Storage Temperature Note 2)	$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{stg}}$	-20	80	°C

[Note]

1) Measured at the center of active area and at the center of panel back surface

2) Top,Tstg $\leq 40^{\circ}$ C : 90%RH max. without condensation

Top,Tstg > 40°C : Absolute humidity shall be less than the value of 90%RH at 40°C without condensation.

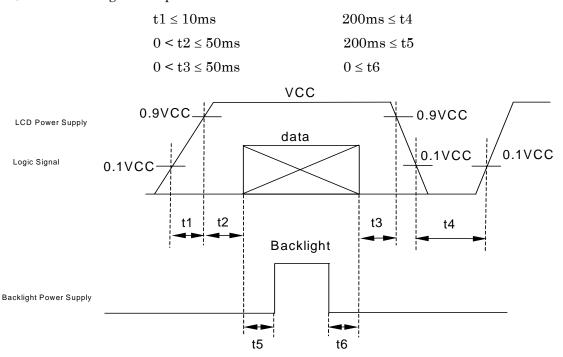
4. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(1) TFT-LCD

Ambient temperature: Ta = 25° C

ITEM		SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	Remarks
Power Supply Voltages for LCD		VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	*1)
Power Supply Currents for LCD		ICC		320	600	mA	*2)
Permissive Input Ripple Voltage		VRP			100	mVp-p	VCC=+3.3V
Logio Input Voltogo	High	VIH	2.0		VCC+0.3	V	MODE, SC
Logic Input Voltage	Low	VIL	0		0.8	V	MODE, SC

*1) Power and signals sequence:



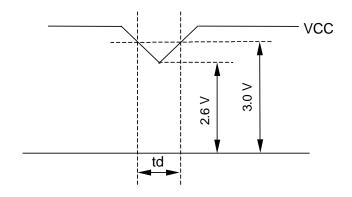
data: RGB DATA, DCLK, DENA, MODE, SC

VCC-dip conditions:

1) When 2.6 V \leq VCC < 3.0 V, td \leq 10 ms

2) When VCC < 2.6 V

VCC-dip conditions should also follow the power and signals sequence.



*2) Typical current condition:

64-gray-bar pattern (6bit)

256-gray-bar-pattern (8bit)

768 line mode

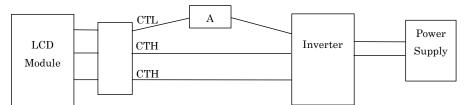
VCC = +3.3 V, $f_H = 48.4 kHz$, $f_V = 60 Hz$, $f_{CLK} = 65 MHz$

(2) Backlight						$Ta = 25^{\circ}C$
ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	Remarks
Lamp Voltage	VL		540		Vrms	IL = 12.0 mArms
Lamp Current	IL	6.0	12.0	14.0	mArms	* 2),*6)
Lamp Frequency	FL	30		60	kHz	* 3)
		1000				$Ta = 25^{\circ}C$
Starting Lamp Voltage	VS	1200			Vrms	$Ta = 0^{\circ}C$
		1290				Ta = -20°C
Lamp Life Time	LT	50,000			h	$^{(*4),(*5)}$ IL = 12.0 mArms, Continuous operation

[Note]

*1)Please use synchronous inverter.

*2) Lamp Current measurement method (The current meter is inserted in low voltage line.)

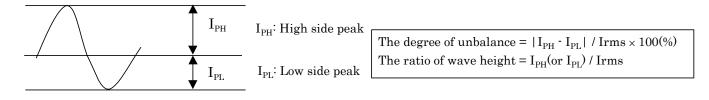


*3) Lamp frequency of inverter may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency, and this may cause horizontal beat on the display. Therefore, please adjust lamp frequency, and keep inverter as far from module as possible or use electronic shielding between inverter and module to avoid the interference.

- *4) Lamp life time is defined as the time either when the brightness becomes 50% of the initial value, or when the starting lamp voltage does not meet the value specified in this table.
- *5) The life time of the backlight depends on the ambient temperature. The life time will decrease under low/high temperature.
- *6) Please use the inverter which has symmetrical current wave form as follows,

The degree of unbalance: less than 10%

The ratio of wave height: less than $\sqrt{2} \pm 10\%$



CURRENT WAVE FORM

5. INTERFACE PIN CONNECTION

(1)CN 1(INTERFACE SIGNAL)

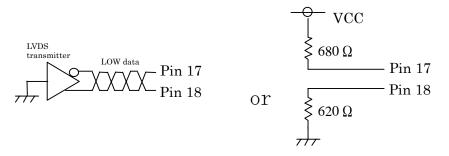
Used connector: FI-SE20P-HFE(JAE)

Corresponding connector: FI-S20S[for discrete wire], FI-SE20ME[for FPC] (JAE)

-	00110	sponding connector: F1 5205		
Pin	Symbol	Function(ISP 6 bit o	Function(ISP 8 bit compatibility mode)	
No.	0,111001	6 bit input	6 bit input 8 bit input	
1	VCC	+3.3 V Po	wer supply	←
2	VCC	+3.3 V Po	wer supply	←
3	GND	Gl	ND	←
4	GND	Gl	ND	←
5	Link 0-	R0, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, G0	R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, G2	R0, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, G0
6	Link 0+	R0, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, G0	R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, G2	R0, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, G0
7	GND	Gl	\leftarrow	
8	Link 1-	G1, G2, G3, G4, G5, B0, B1	G3, G4, G5, G6, G7, B2, B3	G1, G2, G3, G4, G5, B0, B1
9	Link 1+	G1, G2, G3, G4, G5, B0, B1	G3, G4, G5, G6, G7, B2, B3	G1, G2, G3, G4, G5, B0, B1
10	GND	Gl	\leftarrow	
11	Link 2-	B2, B3, B4, B5, DENA B4, B5, B6, B7, DENA		B2, B3, B4, B5, DENA
12	Link 2+	B2, B3, B4, B5, DENA	B2, B3, B4, B5, DENA	
13	GND	Gl	ND	←
14	CLKIN-	Clo	ock -	←
15	CLKIN+	Clo	ck +	\leftarrow
16	GND	Gl	←	
17	Link3-	See: *2)	R0, R1, G0, G1, B0, B1	R6, R7, G6, G7, B6, B7
18	Link3+	See: *2) R0, R1, G0, G1, B0, B1		R6, R7, G6, G7, B6, B7
19	MODE	Low=ISP 6 bit c	ompatibility mode	High=ISP
				8 bit compatibility mode
20	SC	Scan direction control. (Low	w : Normal , High : Reverse)	\leftarrow

*1) The shielding case is connected with GND.

*2) Recommended wiring of Pin 17,18 (6 bit input)



(2)CN 2(BACKLIGHT)

Backlight-side connector: BHR-04VS-1 (JST)

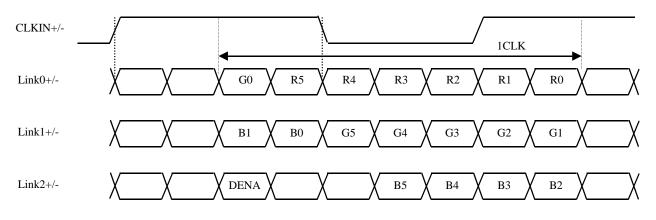
Inverter-side connector: SM04(4.0)B-BHS(LF)(SN) (JST)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1, 2	CTH	VBLH (High voltage)
4	CTL	VBLL (Low voltage)

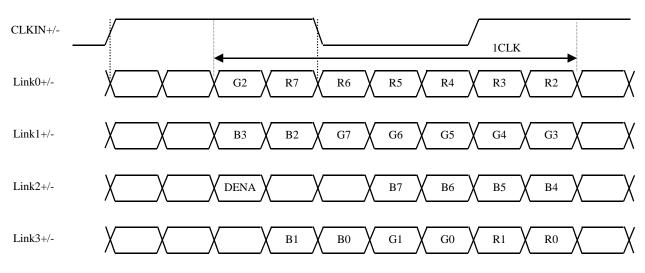
[Note] VBLH - VBLL = VL

(3) ISP data mapping

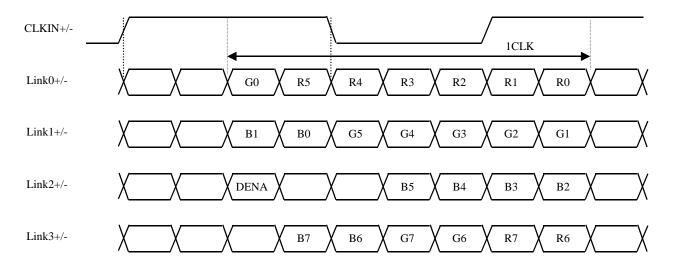
a. ISP 6 bit compatibility mode(6 bit input)



b. ISP 6 bit compatibility mode(8 bit input)



c. ISP 8 bit compatibility mode



6. INTERFACE TIMING

LVDS transmitter input signal

(1) Timing Specifications

	ITEM		SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
DOLU	Frequency		fclk	50	65	80	MHz
DCLK	Period		tclk	12.5	15.4	20	ns
		Active Time	$t_{ m HA}$	1024	1024	1024	t_{CLK}
	Horizontal	Blanking Time	$t_{ m HB}$	20	320	511	$t_{\rm CLK}$
	Horizontai	Frequency	\mathbf{f}_{H}	42.4	48.4	60	kHz
		Period	$t_{ m H}$	16.6	20.7	23.6	μs
DENA		Active Time	t_{VA}	768	768	768	$t_{ m H}$
	Vertical	Blanking Time	t_{VB}	3	38		t_{H}
	vertical	Frequency	\mathbf{f}_{V}	55	60	75	Hz
		Period	$t_{\rm V}$	13.3	16.7	18.2	ms

[Note]

1) DENA (Data Enable) should always be positive polarity as shown in the timing specification.

2) DCLK should appear during all invalid period.

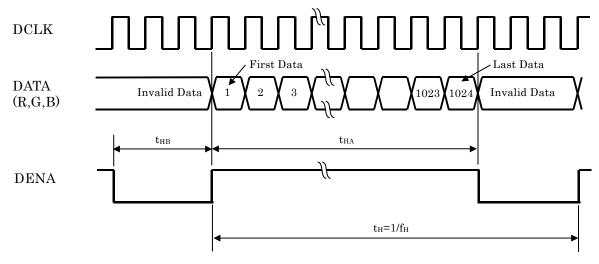
3) LVDS timing follows the timing specifications of LVDS receiver IC: THC63LVDF84B(Thine).

4) In case of blanking time fluctuation, please satisfy following condition.

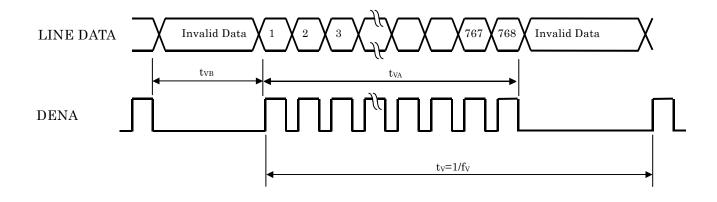
 $t_{VBn} > t_{VBn-1} - 3(t_H)$

(2) Timing Chart

a. Horizontal Timing Chart



b. Vertical Timing Chart



(2) Color Data Assignment

<u>a. 6 bit input</u>

	<u>input</u>							1	IN	JPUT		Ϋ́Α		1					
~	01 0 D			R D	ATA					G D	ATA					B D	ATA		
C	OLOR	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	<u>G4</u>	G3	G2	<u>G1</u>	G0	B5	B 4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	1	MSB			-		LSB	MSB				-	LSB	MSB		-		-	LSB
	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
BASIC	BLUE(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
COLOR	CYAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	MAGENTA	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	YELLOW	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	WHITE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(1)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(2)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																			
	RED(62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																			
	GREEN(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(63)	0					0	1		1			1	1			0	0	0
	BLUE(1)	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	BLUE(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
BLUE			5						<u> </u>										<u> </u>
2201																			
	BLUE(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(63)	0						0					0	1		Î	1	1	1
Natal	00)10101	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U		1	1 I	1	1	<u>i T</u>

[Note]

1) Definition of gray scale

Color (n) \cdots n indicates gray scale level. Higher n means brighter level.

2) Data

1:High, 0: Low

<u>b. 8 bit input</u>

										-		INI	PUT	' DA	TA			-							
C	OLOR			1	R DA	АТА	L					(G DA	АТА	L]	B D.	ATA	1		
	JLON	R7	R6	R5	$\mathbf{R4}$	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B 4	B3	B2	B1	B0
		MSB							LSB	MSB							LSB	MSB							LSB
	BLACK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BASIC	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
COLOR	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	CYAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	MAGENTA	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	YELLOW	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	WHITE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED																									
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																									
			-																						
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	BLUE(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
BLUE																									
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

[Note]

1) Definition of gray scale

Color (n) --- n indicates gray scale level.

Higher n means brighter level.

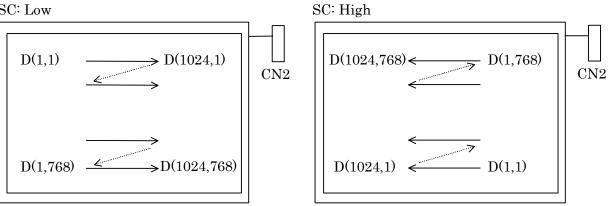
2) Data

1:High, 0: Low

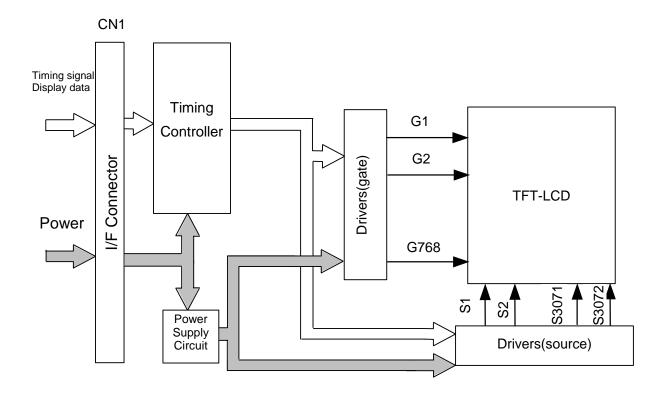
(4) Display Position and Scan Direction

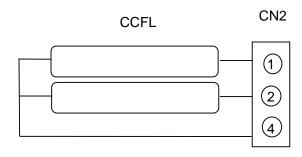
D(X,Y) shows the data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing PCB.





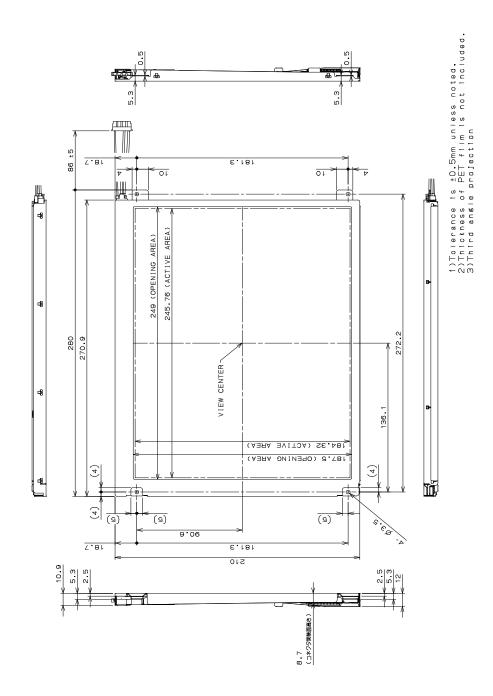
7. BLOCK DIAGRAM



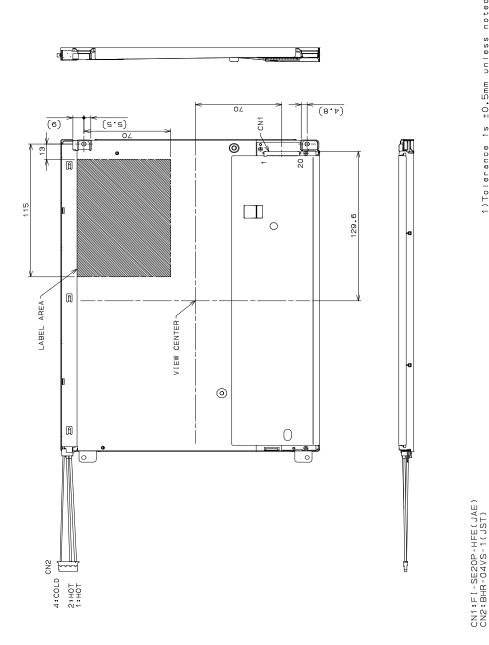


8. MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

(1) Front Side



(Unit:mm)



Tolerance is ±0.5mm unless noted.
 Thickness of PET film is not included.
 Third angle projection

(Unit:mm)

			Ta=25°C, VC	C=3.3V, In	put Signals	: Typ. Valu	es shown	in Section 6
ITE	М	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	Remarks
Contrast Rat	cio	CR	$\theta_{\rm V}=0^\circ, \theta_{\rm H}=0^\circ$	350	550			*1)*2)*5)
Luminance		Lw	$\theta_{V}=0^{\circ}, \theta_{H}=0^{\circ}$	250	320		cd/m ²	*3)*5)
Luminance U	Jniformity	ΔLw	$\theta_{V}=0^{\circ}, \theta_{H}=0^{\circ}$			30	%	*1)*3)*5)
Response Tir	ne	tr	$\theta_{V}=0^{\circ}, \theta_{H}=0^{\circ}$		6		ms	*1)*4)*5)
		tf	$\theta_{V}=0^{\circ}, \theta_{H}=0^{\circ}$		19		ms	*1)*4)*5)
	Horizontal	$\theta_{\rm H}$	$CR \ge 10$	$-50 \sim 50$	-65~65		0	*1)*5)
Viewing	Vertical	$\theta_{\rm V}$	$C\mathbf{h} \ge 10$	-40~30	-75~45		0	*1)*5)
Angle	Horizontal	$\theta_{\rm H}$	$CR \ge 5$	-65~65	-80~80		0	*1)*5)
	Vertical	θv	$CK \ge 0$	-65~40	-80~55		0	*1)*5)
Image sticki	ng	tis	2 h			2	s	*6)
	Red	Rx		0.545	0.575	0.605		
		Ry		0.297	0.327	0.357		
Color	Green	Gx		0.298	0.328	0.358		
Coordinates		Gy	$\theta_V=0^\circ, \theta_H=0^\circ$	0.501	0.531	0.561		*1)*5)
	Blue	Bx		0.133	0.163	0.193		
		By		0.124	0.154	0.184		
	White	Wx		0.283	0.313	0.343		
		Wy		0.299	0.329	0.359		

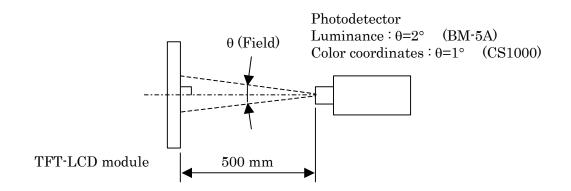
9. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

[Note]

These items are measured using CS1000(MINOLTA) for color coordinates, EZContrast(ELDIM) for viewing angle and CS1000 or BM-5A(TOPCON) for others under the dark room condition (no ambient light) after more than 30 minutes from turning on the lamp unless noted.

Condition: IL = 12.0 mArms, FL = 43 kHz

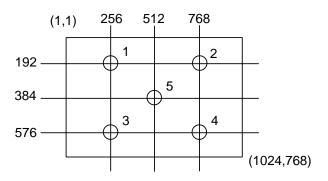
Measurement method for luminance and color coordinates is as follows.



The luminance is measured according to FLAT PANEL DISPLAY MEASUREMENTS STANDARD (VESA Standard).

*1) Measurement Point

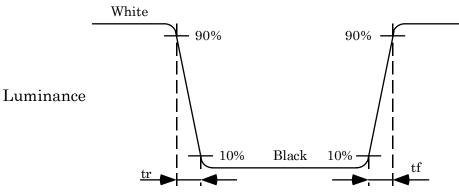
Contrast Ratio, Luminance, Response Time, Viewing Angle, Color Coordinates: Display Center Luminance Uniformity: point $1\sim5$ shown in a figure below



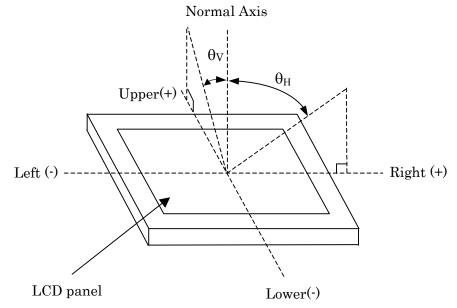
*2) Definition of Contrast Ratio

CR= Luminance with all white pixels / Luminance with all black pixels

- *3) Definition of Luminance Uniformity ∆Lw=[Lw(MAX)/Lw(MIN)-1] × 100
- *4) Definition of Response Time

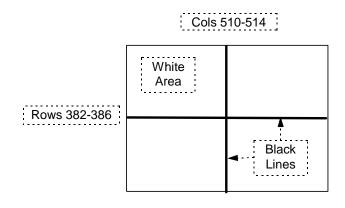


*5) Definition of Viewing Angle(θ_V , θ_H)



*6) Image sticking:

Continuously display the test pattern shown in the figure below for two-hours. Then display a completely white screen. The previous image shall not persist more than two seconds at 25°C.



TEST PATTERN FOR IMAGE STICKING TEST

10. RELIABILITY TEST CONDITION

(1) Temperature and Humidity

TEST ITEM	CONDITIONS
HIGH TEMPERATURE HIGH HUMIDITY OPERATION	40°C, 90%RH, 240 h (No condensation)
HIGH TEMPERATURE OPERATION	70°C, 240 h
LOW TEMPERATURE OPERATION	–20°C, 240 h
HIGH TEMPERATURE STORAGE	80°C, 240 h
LOW TEMPERATURE STORAGE	–20°C, 240 h
THERMAL SHOCK	BETWEEN –20°C (1h) and 80°C(1h), 100 CYCLES

(2) Shock & Vibration

ITEM	CONDITIONS
	Shock level: 1470m/s ² (150G)
SHOCK	Waveform: half sinusoidal wave, 2ms
(NON-OPERATION)	Number of shocks: one shock input in each direction of three mutually
	perpendicular axes for a total of six shock inputs
	Vibration level: 9.8m/s^2 (1.0G)
	Waveform: sinusoidal
VIBRATION	Frequency range: 5 to 500Hz
(NON-OPERATION)	Frequency sweep rate: 0.5 octave /min
	Duration: one sweep from 5 to 500 Hz in each of three mutually
	perpendicular axis(each x,y,z axis: 1 hour, total 3 hours)

(3) Judgment standard

The judgment of the above tests should be made as follow:

Pass: Normal display image, no damage of the display function. (ex. no line defect) Partial transformation of the module parts should be ignored.

Fail: No display image, damage of the display function. (ex. line defect)

11. INSPECTION STANDARDS

Inspection condition is as follows:

- Viewing distance: approximately 35 cm.
- Viewing angle: normal to the LCD panel ±10° horizontal and vertical.
- Ambient temperature: approximately 25°C.
- Ambient light: 300 500 lx.

Bright Dot is defined as follows:

Visible through 5% transmission ND filter under the condition that black image (color 0) is on the display.

DE	FECT TYPE	LIMI	Т
		$\begin{array}{c} 0.01 \mbox{ mm} < W \leq 0.05 \mbox{ mm} \\ L \leq 10 \mbox{ mm} \end{array}$	$N \leq 4$
	SCRATCH	0.01 mm < W 10 mm < L	N = 0
		0.05 mm < W	N = 0
	DENT	$0.2 \text{ mm} \le \phi \le 0.4 \text{ mm}$	$N \leq 4$
VISUAL	DENI	0.4 mm < φ	N = 0
DEFECT	BLACK SPOT	$0.2 \text{ mm} \le \phi \le 0.4 \text{ mm}$	$N \leq 5$
	BUBBLE	0.4 mm ≤ ¢	N = 0
		$\begin{array}{l} L\leq 3 \mbox{ mm} \\ W\leq 0.1 \mbox{ mm} \end{array}$	$N \leq 4$
	LINT	3 mm < L W $\leq 0.1 \text{ mm}$	$\mathbf{N} = 0$
		0.1 mm < W	ACCORDING TO BLACK SPOT
	BRIGHT DOT	$N \leq \delta$	5
	DARK DOT	$N \leq S$	5
	TOTAL DOT	$N \leq 8$	8
ELECTRICAL	TWO ADJACENT DOT		
DEFECT	BRIGHT DOT	$\leq 2 P$	PAIRS
_	DARK DOT	≤ 2 P	PAIRS
	THREE OR MORE ADJACENT DOT	NOT ALLO	OWED
	LINE DEFECT	NOT ALL	OWED

*1) W: width,L: length,φ: diameter,N: number*2) DEFINITION OF ADJACENT

R	G	В	R	G	В	R	G	В	Defective Dot
R	G	В	R	G	В	R	G	В	Adjacent Dots
R	G	В	R	G	В	R	G	В	

The defects that are not defined above and considered to be problem shall be reviewed and discussed by both parties.

12. OTHER FEATURE

This LCD module complies with RoHS $^{\ast)}$ directive.

*) RoHS: Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment

13. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR TFT-LCD MODULE

Please pay attention to the followings in handling TFT-LCD products;

(1) ASSEMBLY PRECAUTION

- a. Please mount the LCD module by using mounting hole with a screw clamping torque (recommended value: 0.3 Nm). Please do not bend or wrench the LCD module in assembling. Please do not drop, bend or twist the LCD module in handling.
- b. Please design display housing in accordance with the following guide lines.
 - (a) Housing case must be designed carefully so as not to put stresses on LCD all sides and not to wrench module. The stresses may cause non-uniformity even if there is no non-uniformity statically.
 - (b) Keep sufficient clearance between LCD module back surface and housing when the LCD module is mounted. Approximately 1.0mm of the clearance in the design is recommended taking into account the tolerance of LCD module thickness and mounting structure height on the housing.
 - (c) When some parts, such as, FPC cable and ferrite plate, are installed underneath the LCD module, still sufficient clearance is required, such as 0.5mm. This clearance is, especially, to be reconsidered when the additional parts are implemented for EMI countermeasure.
 - (d) Design the inverter location and connector position carefully so as not to give stress to lamp cable, or not to interface the LCD module by the lamp cable.
 - (e) Keep sufficient clearance between LCD module and the others parts, such as inverter and speaker so as not to interface the LCD module. Approximately 1.0mm of the clearance in the design is recommended.
 - (f) To avoid local elevation/decrease of temperature, considering location of heating element, heat release, thermal design should be done.
- c. Please do not push or scratch LCD panel surface with anything hard. And do not soil LCD panel surface by touching with bare hands. (Polarizer film, surface of LCD panel is easy to be flawed.)
- d. Please do not press any parts on the rear side such as source TCP, gate TCP, control circuit board and FPCs during handling LCD module. If pressing rear part is unavoidable, handle the LCD module with care not to damage them.
- e. Please wipe off LCD panel surface with absorbent cotton or soft cloth in case of it being soiled.
- f. Please wipe off drops of adhesives like saliva and water on LCD panel surface immediately. They might damage to cause panel surface variation and color change.
- g. Please do not take a LCD module to pieces and reconstruct it. Resolving and reconstructing modules may cause them not to work well.
- h. Please do not touch metal frames with bare hands and soiled gloves. A color change of the

metal frames can happen during a long preservation of soiled LCD modules.

- i. Please handle metal frame carefully because edge of metal frame is very sharp.
- j. Please pay attention to handling lead wire of backlight so that it is not tugged in connecting with inverter.
- k. Please connect the metal frame of LCD module to GND in order to minimize the effect of external noise and EMI.
- l. Be sure to connect the cables and the connecters correctly.

(2) OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- a. Please be sure to turn off the power supply before connecting and disconnecting signal input cable.
- b. Please do not change variable resistance settings in LCD module. They are adjusted to the most suitable value. If they are changed, it might happen LCD does not satisfy the characteristics specification.
- c. LCD backlight takes longer time to become stable of radiation characteristics in low temperature than in room temperature.
- d. The interface signal speed is very high. Please pay attention to transmission line design and other high speed signal precautions to satisfy signal specification.
- e. A condensation might happen on the surface and inside of LCD module in case of sudden change of ambient temperature.
- f. Please pay attention not to display the same pattern for very long time. Image might stick on LCD. Even if image sticking happens, it may disappear as the operation time proceeds.
- g. Please obey the same safe instructions as ones being prepared for ordinary electronic products.

(3) PRECAUTIONS WITH ELECTROSTATICS

- a. This LCD module use CMOS-IC on circuit board and TFT-LCD panel, and so it is easy to be affected by electrostatics. Please be careful with electrostatics by the way of your body connecting to the ground and so on.
- b. Please remove protection film very slowly from the surface of LCD module to prevent from electrostatics occurrence.

(4) STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

- a. Please do not leave the LCDs in the environment of high humidity and high temperature such as 60°C90%RH.
- b. Please do not leave the LCDs in the environment of low temperature; below -20°C.

(5) SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- a. When you waste damaged or unnecessary LCDs, it is recommended to crush LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.
- b. If any liquid leaks out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.
- c. Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the cable.
- d. Inverter should be designed carefully so as not to keep working in case of detecting over current or open circuit on the lamp.

(6) OTHERS

- a. A strong incident light into LCD panel might cause display characteristics changing inferior because of polarizer film, color filter, and other materials becoming inferior. Please do not expose LCD module direct sunlight and strong UV rays.
- b. Please pay attention to a panel side of LCD module not to contact with other materials in preserving it alone.
- c. For the packaging box, please pay attention to the followings;
 - (a) Packaging box and inner case for LCD are designed to protect the LCDs from the damage or scratching during transportation. Please do not open except picking LCDs up from the box.
 - (b) Please do not pile them up more than 7 boxes. (They are not designed so.) And please do not turn over.
 - (c) Please handle packaging box with care not to give them sudden shock and vibrations. And also please do not throw them up.
 - (d) Packaging box and inner case for LCDs are made of cardboard. So please pay attention not to get them wet. (Such like keeping them in high humidity or wet place can occur getting them wet.)

14. REVISION STATUS

Rev. Descript	on Date	Prepared	Checked
			Approved
First First Revision	Jul.2,'07	H.Ito	T.Ikemoto M.Nishimura

AA121 SERIES PACKAGING SPECIFICATION

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC Corp.

Date: Feb.16,'06

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3	PACKAGING FORM OF PRODUCT	5
4	CAUTIONS OF SHIPPING & STORAGE	6
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AA121 Series Packaging Specification

Packaging specification

1. Packaging box	
material:	cardboard
construction:	See Fig. 1
max. packaging number:	20 pcs.
dimension:	$509 (W) \times 389 (D) \times 335 (H) [mm]$
mass (including 20 modules):	19.0kg
label:	Labels are put on the box. (See fig. 2, 3, 4)

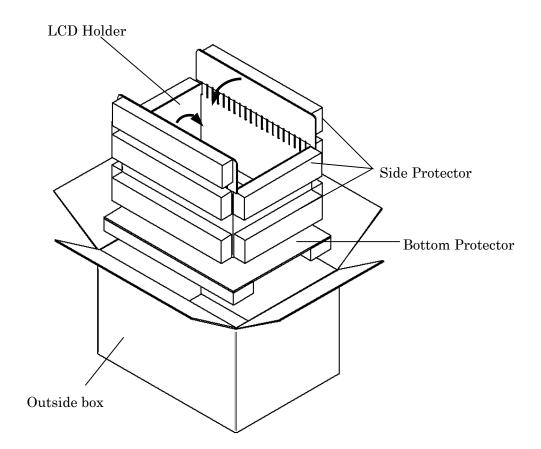


Fig. 1. Illustration of packaging box structure

Product name	Packaging number
Bar-code	Bar-code
Serial No.	Serial No.
Bar-code	Bar-code
Serial No.	Serial No.
Bar-code	Bar-code
Serial No.	Serial No.
Bar-code	Bar-code
Serial No.	Serial No.
Bar-code	Bar-code
Serial No.	Serial No.
Bar-code	Bar-code

Fig.2. Label 1

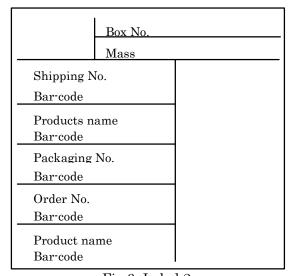
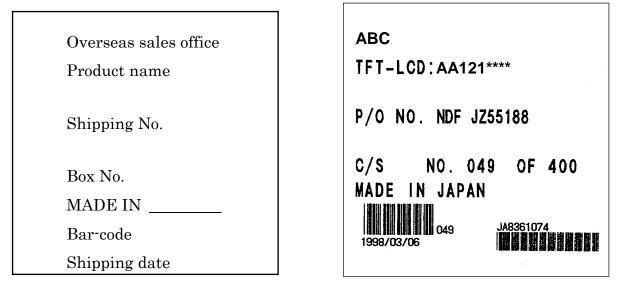


Fig.3. Label 2



<u>Fig. 4. Label 3</u>

Fig. 5 Sample of Label 3

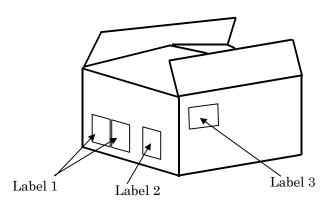
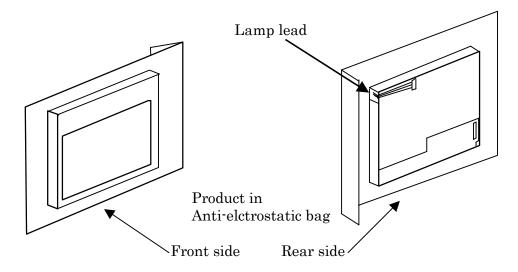
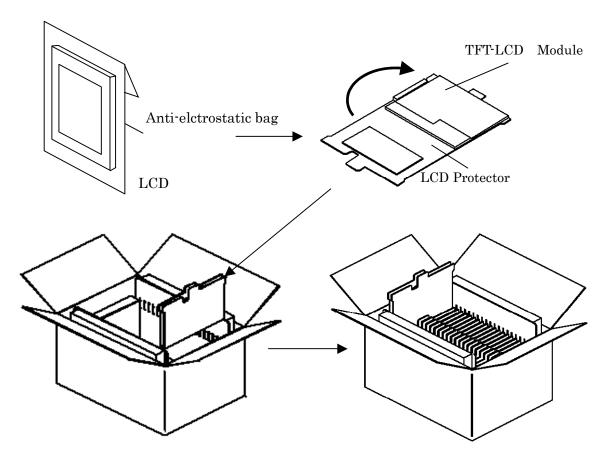


Fig. 6. Location of Labels

- 2. Location of label on the packaging box
 - Labels are put on the box.(See Fig.6)
- 3. Packaging form of product
 - Each of LCD module is packed in anti-electrostatic bag(Fig. 7)
 - LCD module is covered with LCD protector. Packed LCD module is put in the packaging box.(Fig. 8) The packaging box accumulates maximum 20 modules.
 - Upper protector is put on the products and shut the box.(Fig. 9)



<u>Fig. 7</u>



<u>Fig. 8</u>

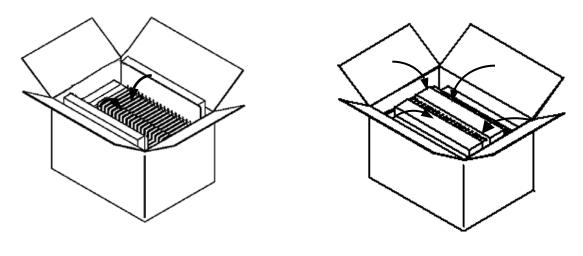


Fig. 9

4. Cautions of shipping & storage

- Do not turn the packaging upside down while storage and transportation. The boxes should not be piled up more than 7.
- Handle with care. Keep off from rain & dew.
- Keep off from direct sunlight exposure. Please store under room temperature & low humidity in original packaging condition when they were shipped.
- Keep other cautions described in handling manual.

5. Revision status

Rev. Description	Description	Date	Prepared	Checked
	Date	Tepareu	Approved	
D	D First Revision		K.Ichikawa	T.Hatashita
		Feb.16.'06.	11.ieiiikawa	M.Nishimura

Products Number Labeling Forms

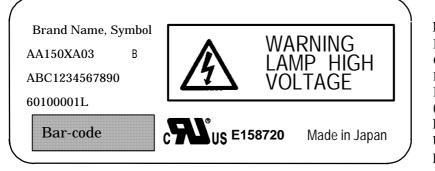
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC Corp.

Date: Jan.25,'07

MITSUBISHI Confidential

(1/3)

Products number label is constructed as below;



Brand Name, Symbol Products Name Classification for Internal Use Production Key Number (13Digits) Date Code (Serial Number, Factory Sign) Bar-code of Date Code UL File No. Production Country

Brand Name, Symbol MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC

Products Name ex.: AA150XA03

Classification for Internal Use Blank or Alphabet or Number or Symbol etc.

ex.1 : A ex.2 : *

Production Key Number

(ID Number for Production Control)

Date Code (Serial Number, Factory Sign)

1 2	23456789	
L	└┬─┘└───Ţ───┘└─── H	Factory Sign
		Serial Number on Every Production Week
		(00001 ~ 99999)
	I	Production Week Number (01 ~ 53)
	I	Production Year Number
		(Last 1 Digit of AD Year Number)

• Date Code is constructed by 9 Digits as below;

	5 0
1st Digit	: Production Year Number (Last 1 Figure of AD Year)
2nd ~ 3rd Digit	: Production Week Number in a Year
	(A Year is divided to 53 weeks from Monday to Saturday)
4th ~ 8th Digit	: Serial Number on Every Production Weeks.
	(00001 ~ 99999)
	These are numbered in order according to Production Name.
9th Digit	: Factory Sign (on the Module Test Process)
	(L: Shisui Factory Line, W: CPT Fab-1, R: CPT Fab-2,
	U: CPT Wujiang-LCM-1, V: CPT Wujiang-LCM-2)

Bar-code(Date Code) Bar-code Line for computer reading Date Code mentioned as above.

UL File No. MDTI: E158720, CPT: E194548

Production Country MDTI: Made in Japan, CPT: Made in Taiwan/China

LAMP UNIT for 12.1"XGA (AA121XH**)



MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC Corp.

Date: Jul.2,'07

MITSUBISHI Confidential

(1/9)

AA121XH03_06_D

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1. APPLICATION

This technical literature applies to the replaceable lamp unit that is the maintenance parts for 12.1" XGA TFT-LCD module industrial use(model name: AA121XH**).

2. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Item	Specification	Remarks
Outline Dimension of Reflector	The transformation of Reflector $267.1 \times 9.55 \times 7.65 \text{ (mm)}$	
Mass	15(g) (MAX)	
Lamp Diameter	φ2.4(mm)	

See 8. DRAWING OF OUTLINE DIMENTIONS (Page 5)

3. ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

Item	Operation		Non Op	peration	Remarks	
Item	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	Remarks	
Ambient Temperature	-20°C	70°C	-20°C	80°C	No Condensation	

Top, Tstg $\leq 40^{\circ}$ C : 90%RH max. without condensation

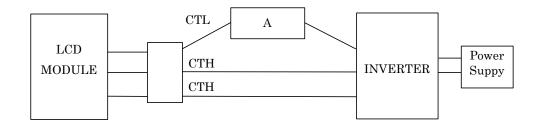
Top, $Tstg > 40^{\circ}C$: Absolute humidity shall be less than the value of 90%RH at 40°C.

4. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Operation conditions

Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit	Remarks
Lamp Current	IL	Ta=25°C	6.0	12.0	14.0	mAr	
Lamp Voltage	VL	Ta=25°C IL=12.0 mArms	-	540	-	Vrms	
		Ta=25°C	1000	-	-	Vrms	
Starting Lamp Voltage	VS	Ta=0°C	1200	-	-	Vrms	
		Ta=-20°C	1290	-	-	Vrms	
Lamp Frequency	FL	Ta=25°C IL=12.0 mArms	30	-	60	kHz	

*) Lamp Current measurement method (The current meter is inserted in low voltage line.)



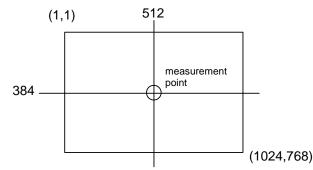
5. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

							$Ta=25^{\circ}C, 60\pm10\%RH$
Item		Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit	Remarks
Luminanaa	XH03,04	T	250	320	-	cd/m^2	
Luminance	XH05	Lw	220	280		cd/m^2	measurement point shown
Color Coordin	nates	Wx	0.283	0.313	0.343	-	in the figure below
(White)		Wy	0.299	0.329	0.359	-	

[Conditions]

IL = 12.0 mArms, Inverter frequency: 43 kHz

[Measurement Point]



These items are measured when lamp units are assembled into AA121XH**, and using CS1000(MINOLTA) for color coordinates, and CS1000 or BM-5A(TOPCON) for others under the dark room condition (no ambient light) after more than 30 minutes from turning on the lamp unless noted.

6. LIFE TIME OF THE LAMP UNIT

Environmental Conditions are as follows:

Ambient temperature is 25±5°C.

Lamp Current is 12.0 mArms.

Continuous Operation	50,000 h
Number of turning on and off	100,000 times (30 sec ON-OFF)

- Lamp life time is defined as the time either when the brightness becomes 50% of the initial value, or when the starting lamp voltage does not meet the value specified in the table of section 4.
- (2) The life time of the backlight depends on the ambient temperature. The life time will decrease under low/high temperature.

7. INTERFACE PIN CONNECTION

Backlight-side connector: BHR-04VS-1 (JST)

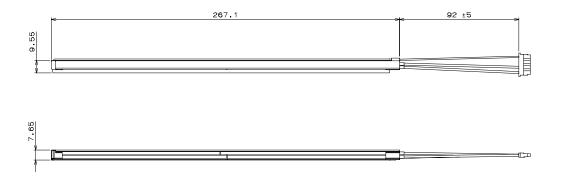
Inverter-side connector: SM04(4.0)B-BHS(LF)(SN) (JST)

Pin No.	Symbol	Function			
1, 2	СТН	VBLH (High voltage)			
4	CTL	VBLL (Low voltage)			

[Note]

VBLH - VBLL = VL

8. DRAWING OF OUTLINE DIMENTIONS



9. METHOD OF REPLACING THE LAMP UNIT

(1) <u>Precautions</u>

Please pay attention to the following items while replacing the Lamp Unit.

- a. Please do not damage the LCD Panel Surface, and do not touch it with bare hands.(Wearing gloves is recommended.)
- b. Please be careful with electrostatics, and work in clean environment to prevent entering dust and/or foreign matters that will cause bad display image.(Using clean bench or similar environment is recommended.)
- c. Please be careful of the edge of the frame metal.

(2) <u>Method of replacing the Lamp Unit</u>

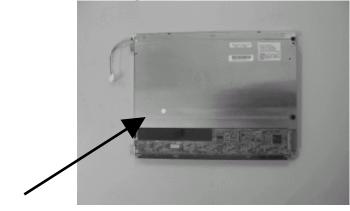
1) Put the TFT-LCD Module on the table.(LCD Panel Surface is upside.)



Please check the LCD Panel Surface for scratch, dust, and foreign matters.

Picture 1

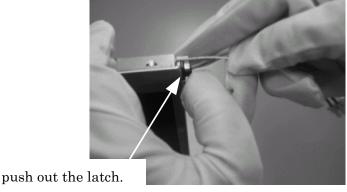
2) Turn the TFT-LCD Module upside down.



Please check the cable for dust and foreign matters.

<u>Picture 2</u>

3) Stand the TFT-LCD Module up and push out the latch with that the Lamp Unit fastens.



Picture 3

4) Push out the latch and pull all cables together slowly to remove the Lamp Unit.



Picture 4

Picture 5

5) <u>Picture6</u> shows the TFT-LCD Module after removing the Lamp Unit.

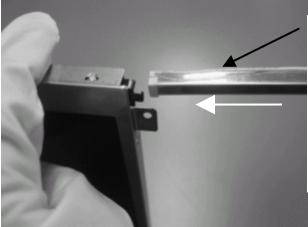


Picture 6

- 6) Prepare to insert the new Lamp Unit.
 - Open the package and take the new Lamp Unit out.
 - Check the new Lamp Unit for dust and foreign matters.

7) Stand the TFT-LCD module and insert the new Lamp Unit. The light guide and reflector sheet should be inside of the Lamp Unit.

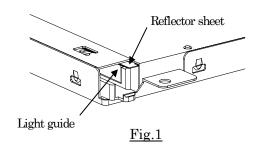
Please pay attention to insert direction.



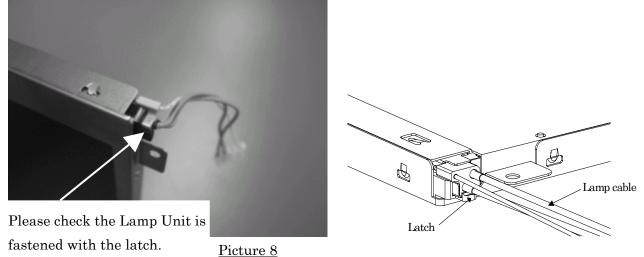
Picture 7

Push out the latch of the plastic frame (black) and insert the new Lamp Unit.

The light guide and reflector sheet should be inside of the Lamp Unit keeping low voltage side cable (thin cable) straight.



8) After inserting, please check the Lamp Unit is fastened with the latch.





- 9) After replacing the Lamp Unit, please check the following items.
 - Appearance of TFT-LCD Module is not changed after replacing Lamp Unit. (See <u>Picture 1</u> and <u>Picture 2</u>)
 - There is no damage, dust, or foreign matters on the LCD Panel Surface.
 - Install the TFT-LCD Module then check turning on the lamps.

10. REVISION STATUS

Rev.	Description	Rev. Date	Prepared	Checked
Notice	Votice		Tepareu	Approved
D	First Revision	Jul.2,'07	H.Ito	T.Ikemoto
	First Revision			M.Nishimura