# **NEC** NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

# **TFT COLOR LCD MODULE**

## NL8060BC21-06

21cm (8.4 Type) SVGA LVDS interface (1port)



All information is subject to change without notice. Please confirm the sales representative before starting to design your system.

#### INTRODUCTION

The Copyright to this document belongs to NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd. (hereinafter called "NEC"). No part of this document will be used, reproduced or copied without prior written consent of NEC.

NEC does and will not assume any liability for infringement of patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of any third party arising out of or in connection with application of the products described herein except for that directly attributable to mechanisms and workmanship thereof. No license, express or implied, is granted under any patent, copyright or other intellectual property right of NEC.

Some electronic parts/components would fail or malfunction at a certain rate. In spite of every effort to enhance reliability of products by NEC, the possibility of failures and malfunction might not be avoided entirely. To prevent the risks of damage to death, human bodily injury or other property arising out thereof or in connection therewith, each customer is required to take sufficient measures in its safety designs and plans including, but not limited to, redundant system, fire-containment and anti-failure.

The products are classified into three quality grades: "**Standard**", "**Special**", and "**Specific**" of the highest grade of a quality assurance program at the choice of a customer. Each quality grade is designed for applications described below. Any customer who intends to use a product for application other than that of Standard quality grade is required to contact an NEC sales representative in advance.

The **Standard** quality grade applies to the products developed, designed and manufactured in accordance with the NEC standard quality assurance program, which are designed for such application as any failure or malfunction of the products (sets) or parts/components incorporated therein a customer uses are, directly or indirectly, free of any damage to death, human bodily injury or other property, like general electronic devices.

Examples: Computers, office automation equipment, communications equipment, test and measurement equipment, audio and visual equipment, home electronic appliances, machine tools, personal electronic equipment, industrial robots, etc.

The **Special** quality grade applies to the products developed, designed and manufactured in accordance with an NEC quality assurance program stricter than the standard one, which are designed for such application as any failure or malfunction of the products (sets) or parts/components incorporated therein a customer uses might directly cause any damage to death, human bodily injury or other property, or such application under more severe condition than that defined in the Standard quality grade without such direct damage.

Examples: Control systems for transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.), traffic control systems, anti-disaster systems, anti-crime systems, medical equipment not specifically designed for life support, safety equipment, etc.

The **Specific** quality grade applies to the products developed, designed and manufactured in accordance with the standards or quality assurance program designated by a customer who requires an extremely higher level of reliability and quality for such products.

Examples: Military systems, aircraft control equipment, aerospace equipment, nuclear reactor control systems, medical equipment/devices/systems for life support, etc.

The quality grade of this product is the "Standard" unless otherwise specified in this document.

#### CONTENTS

| INTRODUCTION   | 2   |
|--|-----|
|  |     |
| 1. OUTLINE   |     |
| 1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE                                  |     |
| 1.2 APPLICATION  |     |
| 1.3 FEATURES   |     |
| 2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS                                    |     |
| 3. BLOCK DIAGRAM   |     |
| 4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS                                   |     |
| 4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS                                |     |
| 4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS                                 |     |
| 4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS                               |     |
| 4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board                      |     |
| 4.3.2 Backlight lamp   |     |
| 4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple                            |     |
| 4.3.4 Fuse   |     |
| 4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE                            |     |
| 4.4.1 LCD panel signal processing board                      |     |
| 4.4.2 Inverter   | .11 |
| 4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS             |     |
| 4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board                      |     |
| 4.5.2 Backlight lamp   |     |
| 4.5.3 Positions of plug and socket                           |     |
| 4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS   |     |
| 4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS                    |     |
| 4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals and FRC signal | .16 |
| 4.6.2 16,777,216 colors                                      |     |
| 4.6.3 262,144 colors   |     |
| 4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS  |     |
| 4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS                                      |     |
| 4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS                                     |     |
| 4.9.1 Outline of input signal timings                        |     |
| 4.9.2 Timing characteristics                                 |     |
| 4.9.3 Input signal timing chart                              |     |
| 4.10 OPTICS  |     |
| 4.10.1 Optical characteristics                               |     |
| 4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio                          |     |
| 4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity                    |     |
| 4.10.4 Definition of response times                          |     |
| 4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles                          |     |
| 5. RELIABILITY TESTS   |     |
| 6. PRECAUTIONS   |     |
| 6.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS                                 |     |
| 6.2 CAUTIONS   |     |
| 6.3 ATTENTIONS   |     |
| 6.3.1 Handling of the product                                |     |
| 6.3.2 Environment  |     |
| 6.3.3 Characteristics  |     |
| 6.3.4 Other  |     |
| 7. OUTLINE DRAWINGS  |     |
| 7.1 FRONT VIEW   |     |
| 7.2 REAR VIEW  | .30 |

#### **1. OUTLINE**

#### **1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE**

Color LCD module NL8060BC21-06 is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing board, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

#### **1.2 APPLICATION**

• For industrial use

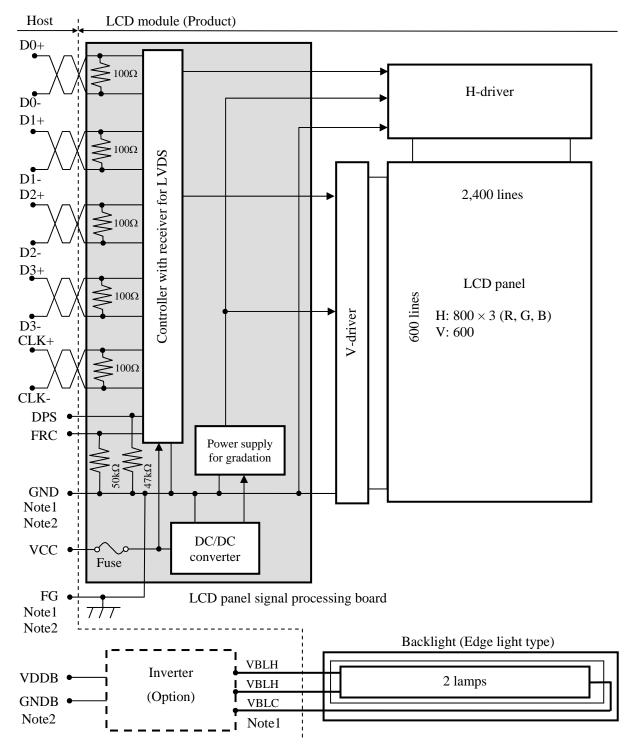
#### **1.3 FEATURES**

- High luminance
- High contrast
- Wide viewing angle
- Wide temperature range
- LVDS interface
- Reversible-scan direction
- Selectable 8bit or 6bit digital signals for data of RGB
- Edge light type (without inverter)
- Replaceable lamp for backlight
- Acquisition product for UL60950-1/CSA-C22.2 No.60950-1-03 (File number: E170632)
- Compliance with the European RoHS directive (2002/95/EC)

#### 2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

| Display area               | 170.4 (H) × 127.8 (V) mm  |
|----------------------------|---|
| Diagonal size of display   | 21cm (8.4 inches)   |
| Drive system               | a-Si TFT active matrix  |
| Display color              | 16,777,216 colors (At 8-bit input, FRC terminal= High)<br>262,144 colors (At 6-bit input, FRC terminal= Low or Open)  |
| Pixel                      | 800 (H) × 600 (V) pixels  |
| Pixel arrangement          | RGB (Red dot, Green dot, Blue dot) vertical stripe  |
| Dot pitch                  | 0.071 (H) × 0.213 (V) mm  |
| Pixel pitch                | $0.213 (H) \times 0.213 (V) mm$   |
| Module size                | 200.0 (W) × 152.0 (H) × 10.5 (D) mm (typ.)  |
| Weight                     | 330g (typ.)   |
| Contrast ratio             | 600:1 (typ.)  |
| Viewing angle              | <ul> <li>At the contrast ratio ≥10:1</li> <li>Horizontal: Right side 80° (typ.), Left side 80° (typ.)</li> <li>Vertical: Up side 80° (typ.), Down side 60° (typ.)</li> </ul>  |
| Designed viewing direction | <ul> <li>At DPS terminal= Low or Open: Normal scan</li> <li>Viewing direction without image reversal: up side (12 o'clock)</li> <li>Viewing direction with contrast peak: down side (6 o'clock)</li> <li>Viewing angle with optimum grayscale (γ=2.2): normal axis (perpendicular)</li> </ul> |
| Polarizer surface          | Clear   |
| Polarizer pencil-hardness  | 3H (min.) [by JIS K5400]  |
| Color gamut                | At LCD panel center<br>40% (typ.) [against NTSC color space]  |
| Response time              | $\begin{array}{c} Ton+Toff (10\% \leftrightarrow 90\%) \\ 25\text{ms (typ.)} \end{array}$   |
| Luminance                  | At IBL = 5.0mArms/lamp<br>650cd/m <sup>2</sup> (typ.)   |
| Signal system              | LVDS 1port (Receiver: THC63LVDF84B, THine Electronics Inc. or<br>equivalent)<br>[8bit/6bit digital signals for data of RGB colors, Dot clock (CLK),<br>Data enable (DE)]  |
| Power supply voltage       | LCD panel signal processing board: 3.3V   |
| Backlight                  | Edge light type: 2 cold cathode fluorescent lamps<br>(Replaceable part<br>• Lamp holder set: Type No. 84LHS06)<br>(Recommended inverter (Option)<br>• Inverter: Type No. 84PW031, 84PW041)  |
| Power consumption          | At IBL=5.0mArms / lamp, Checkered flag pattern<br>5.5W (typ., Power dissipation of the inverter is not included.)   |

#### **3. BLOCK DIAGRAM**



Note1: Relations between GND (Signal ground), FG (Frame ground) and VBLC (Lamp low voltage terminal) in the LCD module are as follows.

| GND - FG   | Connected     |
|------------|---------------|
| GND - VBLC | Not connected |
| FG - VBLC  | Not connected |

Note2: GND, FG and GNDB must be connected to customer equipment's ground, and it is recommended that these grounds are connected together in customer equipment.

#### 4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

#### 4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

| Parameter    | Specification  |       |    |  |
|--------------|--|-------|----|--|
| Module size  | $200.0 \pm 0.5$ (W) × 152.0 ± 0.5 (H) × 10.5 ± 0.5 (D) | Note1 | mm |  |
| Display area | 170.4 (H) × 127.8 (V)                                  | Note1 | mm |  |
| Weight       | 330 (typ.), 350 (max.)                                 |       | g  |  |

Note1: See "7. OUTLINE DRAWINGS".

#### 4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

|  | Parameter                         | Symbol       | Rating          | Unit            | Remarks          |                                  |
|--|-----------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------------------------|
| Power supply                           | LCD panel signal processing board |              | VCC             | -0.3 to +4.0    | V                |                                  |
| voltage                                | Lamp v                            | voltage      | VBLH            | 1,700           | Vrms             |                                  |
| Display signals<br>Input voltage Note1 |                                   | VD           | -0.3 to VCC+0.3 | v               | -                |                                  |
| for signals                            | for signals<br>Note2              |              | VF              | -0.5 10 VCC+0.5 | v                |                                  |
|  | Storage temperature               |              |                 | -30 to +80      | °C               | -                                |
| Onenetine                              | Front surface                     |              | TopF            | -20 to +70      | °C               | Note3                            |
| Operating                              | temperature                       | Rear surface | TopR            | -20 to +70      | °C               | Note4                            |
|  |                                   |              |                 | ≤ 95            | %                | $Ta \leq 40^{\circ}C$            |
|  | Relative humidity                 |              |                 | ≤ 85            | %                | 40°C <ta≤ 50°c<="" td=""></ta≤>  |
| Note5                                  |                                   |              | RH              | ≤ 55            | %                | 50°C <ta≤60°c< td=""></ta≤60°c<> |
|  |                                   |              |                 | ≤ 36            | %                | 60°C <ta≤70°c< td=""></ta≤70°c<> |
|  | Absolute humidity<br>Note5        |              |                 | ≤ 70<br>Note6   | g/m <sup>3</sup> | Ta> 70°C                         |

Note1: D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/-, CLK+/-

Note2: DPS, FRC

Note3: Measured at center of LCD panel surface (including self-heat)

Note4: Measured at center of LCD module's rear shield surface (including self-heat)

Note5: No condensation

Note6: Water amount at Ta=  $70^{\circ}$ C and RH= 36%

#### 4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### 4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board

| (Ta= 25°C)                 |      |        |        |              |              |       |              |  |
|----------------------------|------|--------|--------|--------------|--------------|-------|--------------|--|
| Parameter                  |      | Symbol | min.   | typ.         | max.         | Unit  | Remarks      |  |
| Power supply voltage       |      | VCC    | 3.0    | 3.3          | 3.6          | v     | -            |  |
| Power supply current       |      | ICC    | -      | 360<br>Note1 | 480<br>Note2 | mA    | at VCC= 3.3V |  |
| Permissible ripple voltage |      | VRP    | -      | -            | 100          | mVp-p | for VCC      |  |
| Differential input         | High | VTH    | -      | -            | +100         | mV    | at VCM= 1.2V |  |
| threshold voltage          | Low  | VTL    | -100   | -            | -            | mV    | Note3        |  |
| Terminating resistance     |      | RT     | -      | 100          | -            | Ω     | -            |  |
| Input voltage for          | High | VFH    | 0.7VCC | -            | VCC          | V     | CMOS level   |  |
| DPS and FRC signals        | Low  | VFL    | 0      | -            | 0.3VCC       | v     | CIVIOS level |  |
| Input current for FRC      | High | IFH    | -      | -            | 300          | μΑ    |              |  |
| signal                     | Low  | IFL    | -300   | -            | -            | μΑ    | -            |  |

Note1: Checkered flag pattern [by EIAJ ED-2522]

Note2: Pattern for maximum current

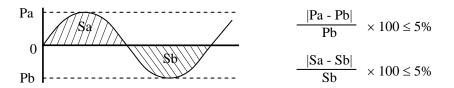
Note3: Common mode voltage for LVDS receiver

4.3.2 Backlight lamp

|                            |        |       |      |      |       | $(Ta=25^{\circ}C, Note1)$                                    |
|----------------------------|--------|-------|------|------|-------|--|
| Parameter                  | Symbol | min.  | typ. | max. | Unit  | Remarks  |
| Lamp current               | IBL    | 3.0   | 5.0  | 5.5  | mArms | at IBL= 5.0mArms:<br>L= 650cd/m <sup>2</sup><br>Note3, Note4 |
| Lamp voltage               | VBLH   | -     | 435  | -    | Vrms  | Note2, Note3   |
| Lamp starting voltage      | VS     | 1,050 | -    | -    | Vrms  | Ta= 25°C<br>Note2, Note3,<br>Note5, Note8                    |
| Lamp starting voltage      | v S    | 1,250 | -    | -    | Vrms  | Ta= -20°C<br>Note2, Note3,<br>Note5, Note8                   |
| Lamp oscillation frequency | FO     | 45    | -    | 60   | kHz   | Note6  |

Note1: This product consists of 2 backlight lamps, and these specifications are for each lamp.

- Note2: The lamp voltage cycle between lamps should be kept on a same phase. "VS" and "VBLH" are the voltage value between low voltage side (Cold) and high voltage side (Hot).
- Note3: The asymmetric ratio of working waveform for lamps (Power supply voltage peak ratio, power supply current peak ratio and waveform space ratio) should be less than 5 % (See the following figure.). If the waveform is asymmetric, DC (Direct current) element apply into the lamp. In this case, a lamp lifetime may be shortened, because a distribution of a lamp enclosure substance inclines toward one side between low voltage terminal (Cold terminal) and high voltage terminal (Hot terminal). When designing the inverter, evaluate asymmetric of lamp working waveform sufficiently.



Pa: Supply voltage/current peak for positive, Pb: Supply voltage/current peak for negative Sa: Waveform space for positive part, Sb: Waveform space for negative part.

- Note4: This product consists of 2 lamps. 2 lamps are contained in the 1 lamp holder, and both lamps are connected to 1 low voltage cable. Recommended lamp current is 5.0mArms typical for each lamp, and sum of 2 lamps is 10mArms typical. The lamp current should be measured by high-frequency current meter at the low voltage terminal.
- Note5: The inverter should be designed so that the lamp starting voltage can be maintained for more than 1 second. Otherwise the lamp may not be turned on.
- Note6: In case "FO" is not the recommended value, beat noise may display on the screen, because of interference between "FO" and "1/th". Recommended value of "FO" is as following.

$$FO = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{th} \times (2n-1)$$

th: Horizontal cycle (See "4.9.2 Timing characteristics".)

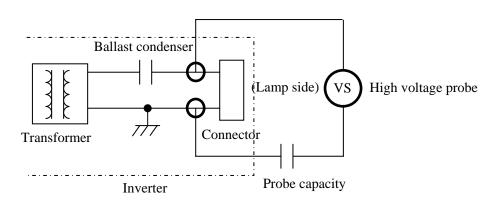
n : Natural number  $(1, 2, 3 \dots)$ 

Note7: Method of lamp cable installation may invite fluctuation of lamp current and voltage or asymmetric of lamp working waveform. When designing method of lamp cable installation, evaluate the fluctuation of lamp current, voltage and working waveform sufficiently.

## NEC NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

Note8: In case of Inverter with Ballast condenser, "VS" is the voltage level between Ballast condenser and Connector (Refer to the below "Example of measurement"). "VS" should be designed to be more than minimum "VS". Otherwise the lamp may not be turned on because the lamp starting voltage is less than minimum "VS".

Example of measurement Probe capacity: 3pF (Tektronix, inc.: P6015A)



4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple

This product works, even if the ripple voltage levels are beyond the permissible values as following the table, but there might be noise on the display image.

| Power sup | ply voltage | Ripple voltage Note1<br>(Measure at input terminal of power supply) | Unit  |
|-----------|-------------|---|-------|
| VCC 3.3V  |             | ≤ 100   | mVp-p |

Note1: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

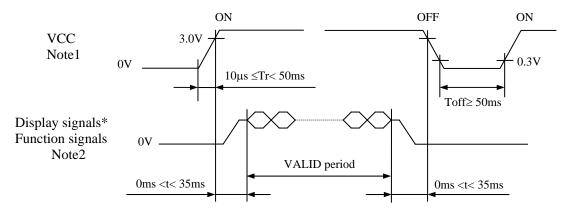
4.3.4 Fuse

| Parameter | F          | use               | Rating | Fusing current      | Remarks |  |
|-----------|------------|-------------------|--------|---------------------|---------|--|
| Tarameter | Туре       | Supplier          | Kating | Pushig current      | Remarks |  |
| VCC       | FCC16162AB | KAMAYA            | 1.6A   | 3.2A                | Note1   |  |
| vee       | FCC10102AB | ELECTRIC Co., Ltd | 32V    | <i>3.2</i> <b>A</b> | Note1   |  |

Note1: The power supply capacity should be more than the fusing current. If it is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not blow in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoke and so on may occur.

#### 4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

4.4.1 LCD panel signal processing board

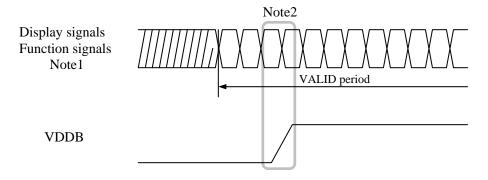


\* These signals should be measured at the terminal of  $100\Omega$  resistance.

- Note1: In terms of voltage variation (voltage drop) while VCC rising edge is below 3.0V, a protection circuit may work, and then this product may not work.
- Note2: Display signals (D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/- and CLK+/-) and function signals (DPS and FRC) must be Low or High-impedance, exclude the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid that internal circuits is damaged. If some of display and function signals of this product are cut while this product is working,

even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. VCC should be cut when the display and function signals are stopped.

4.4.2 Inverter (Option)



- Note1: These are the display and function signals for LCD panel signal processing board.
- Note2: The backlight should be turned on within the valid period of display and function signals, in order to avoid unstable data display.

#### 4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

#### 4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board

## CN1 socket (LCD module side):FI-SE20P-HFE (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))Adaptable plug:FI-S20S (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))

| Pin No. Sy     |    | Symbol | Signal                            | Remarks   |  |  |  |
|----------------|----|--------|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| 1              | А  | D3+    | Pixel data                        | Note1, Note2  |  |  |  |
| B              |    | GND    | Ground                            | Note3   |  |  |  |
| 2              | А  | D3-    | Pixel data                        | Note1, Note2  |  |  |  |
| 2 B            |    | GND    | Ground                            | Note3   |  |  |  |
| 3              |    | DPS    | Selection of scan direction       | High:Reverse scanLow or Open:Normal scanNote4         |  |  |  |
|                | 4  | FRC    | Selection of the number of colors | High:16,777,216 colorsLow or Open:262,144 colorsNote1 |  |  |  |
|                | 5  | GND    | Ground                            | Note3   |  |  |  |
|                | 6  | CLK+   | Pixel clock                       | Note2   |  |  |  |
| 7              |    | CLK-   | I IXEI CIOCK                      | Note2   |  |  |  |
| 8              |    | GND    | Ground                            | Note3   |  |  |  |
| 9              |    | D2+    | Pixel data                        | Note2   |  |  |  |
| 1              | 10 | D2-    |                                   | 110102  |  |  |  |
| 1              | 1  | GND    | Ground                            | Note3   |  |  |  |
| 1              | 12 | D1+    | Pixel data                        | Note2   |  |  |  |
| 1              | 13 | D1-    |                                   | 1002  |  |  |  |
| 1              | 14 | GND    | Ground                            | Note3   |  |  |  |
| 1              | 15 | D0+    | Pixel data                        | Note2   |  |  |  |
| 16<br>17<br>18 |    | D0-    | T INOT GARA                       | Note2   |  |  |  |
|                |    | GND    | Ground                            | Note3   |  |  |  |
|                |    | GND    | Ground                            | 10005   |  |  |  |
| 1              | 19 | VCC    | Power supply                      | Note3   |  |  |  |
| 2              | 20 | VCC    | rower suppry                      | INOTES  |  |  |  |

Note1: See "4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS".

Note2: Twist pair wires with  $100\Omega$  (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note3: All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.

Note4: See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".

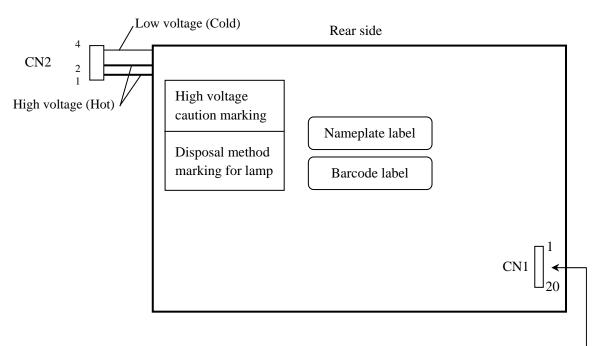
Note5: See "4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS".

#### 4.5.2 Backlight lamp

## Attention: VBLH and VBLC must be connected correctly. Wrong connections will cause electric shock and also break down of the product.

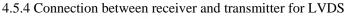
| CN2 plug (LCD module side):<br>Adaptable socket: |         |        | BHR-04VS-1 (J.S.T Mfg. Co., Ltd.)<br>SM03 (7-D1) B-BHS-1-TB (LF)(SN)<br>SM03 (7-D1) B-BHS-1-TB | ),<br>(J.S.T Mfg. Co., Ltd.) |
|--|---------|--------|--|------------------------------|
|  | Pin No. | Symbol | Signal   | Remarks                      |
|  | 1       | VBLH   | High voltage (Hot)   | Cable color: Pink            |
|  | 2       | VBLH   | High voltage (Hot)   | Cable color: Pink            |
|  | 3       | N. C.  | -  | Keep this pin Open.          |
|  | 4       | VBLC   | Low voltage (Cold)   | Cable color: Black           |

#### 4.5.3 Positions of plug and socket

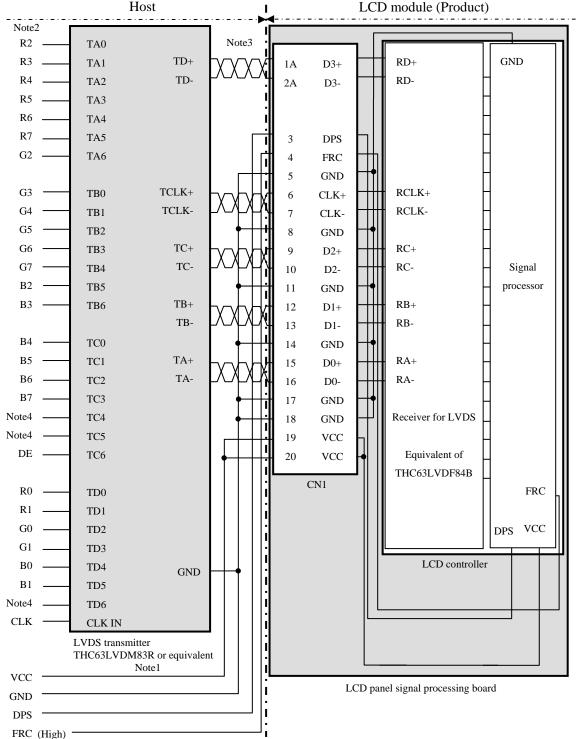


Insert direction-

## **NEC** NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

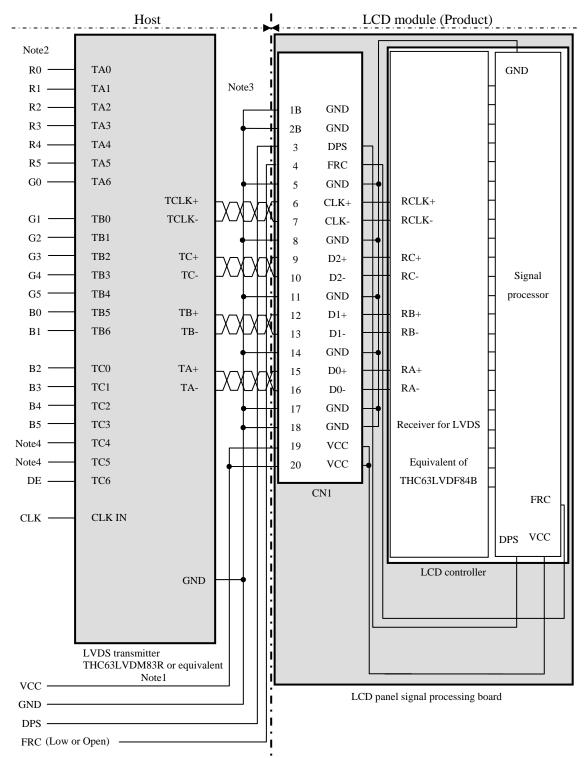


(1) Input data signal: 8bit



- Note1: Recommended transmitter THC63LVDM83R (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent
- Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) R7, G7, B7
- Note3: Twist pair wires with  $100\Omega$  (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.
- Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TC4,TC5 and TD6 open to avoid noise problem.

#### (2) Input data signal: 6bit



- Note1: Recommended transmitter THC63LVDM83R (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent
- Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) R5, G5, B5
- Note3: Twist pair wires with  $100\Omega$  (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.
- Note4: Input signals to TC4 and TC5 are not used inside the product, but do not keep TC4 and TC5 open to avoid noise problem.

#### 4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals and FRC signal

This product can display in equivalent to 16,777,216 colors in 256 gray scales and 262,144 colors in 64 gray scales by combination between input data signals and FRC signal. See following table.

| Combination | Input data<br>signals | CN1-Pin No.1 and 2 | FRC terminal | Display colors | Remarks |
|-------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------|----------------|---------|
| 1           | 8-bit                 | D3+/-              | High         | 16,777,216     | Note1   |
| 2           | 6-bit                 | GND                | Low or Open  | 262,144        | Note2   |

Note1: See "4.6.2 16,777,216 colors".

Note2: See "4.6.3 262,144 colors".

#### 4.6.2 16,777,216 colors

This product can display equivalent of 16,777,216 colors in 256 gray scales by combination ①. (See "**4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals and FRC signal**".) Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as the following table.

| Display colors   |              |    |        |    |        |        |        |        | Data | a sig | nal    | (0: I  | Low    | leve   | el, 1  | : Hi | gh le  | evel) | )      |        |        |        |        |    |        |
|------------------|--------------|----|--------|----|--------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|------|--------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----|--------|
| Display          | y colors     | R7 | ' R6   | R5 | R4     | R3     | R2     | R1     | R0   | G     | 7 G6   | 6 G5   | G4     | G3     | G2     | G1   | G0     | B7    | ' B6   | 5 B5   | B4     | B3     | B2     | B1 | B0     |
|                  | Black        | 0  | 0      | 0  | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 0      | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0  | 0      |
|                  | Blue         | 0  | 0      | 0  | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 0      | 1     | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1  | 1      |
| ors              | Red          | 1  | 1      | 1  | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1    | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 0      | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0  | 0      |
| Col              | Magenta      | 1  | 1      | 1  | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1    | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 0      | 1     | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1  | 1      |
| Basic Colors     | Green        | 0  | 0      | 0  | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 1     | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1    | 1      | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0  | 0      |
| $\mathbf{Ba}$    | Cyan         | 0  | 0      | 0  | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 1     | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1    | 1      | 1     | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1  | 1      |
|                  | Yellow       | 1  | 1      | 1  | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1    | 1     | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1    | 1      | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0  | 0      |
|                  | White        | 1  | 1      | 1  | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1    | 1     | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1    | 1      | 1     | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1  | 1      |
|                  | Black        | 0  | 0      | 0  | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 0      | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0  | 0      |
| e                |              | 0  | 0      | 0  | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 1    | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 0      | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0  | 0      |
| Red gray scale   | dark         | 0  | 0      | 0  | 0      | 0      | 0      | 1      | 0    | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 0      | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0  | 0      |
| ay               |              |    |        |    |        | •      |        |        |      |       |        |        |        | :      |        |      |        |       |        |        |        | •      |        |    |        |
| d gı             | $\downarrow$ |    |        |    |        | :      |        |        |      | _     |        |        |        | :      |        |      |        |       |        |        |        | :      |        |    |        |
| Re               | bright       | 1  | 1      | 1  | 1      | 1      | 1      | 0      | 1    | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 0      | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0  | 0      |
|                  | D I          | 1  | 1      | 1  | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 0    | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 0      | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0  | 0      |
|                  | Red          | 1  | 1      | 1  | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1    | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 0      | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0  | 0      |
|                  | Black        | 0  | 0      | 0  | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 0      | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0  | 0      |
| ale              |              | 0  | 0<br>0 | 0  | 0<br>0 | 0<br>0 | 0<br>0 | 0<br>0 | 0    | 0     | 0<br>0 | 0<br>0 | 0<br>0 | 0<br>0 | 0<br>0 | 0    | 1<br>0 | 0     | 0<br>0 | 0<br>0 | 0<br>0 | 0<br>0 | 0<br>0 | 0  | 0<br>0 |
| y sc             | dark<br>↑    | 0  | 0      | 0  | 0      | . 0    | 0      | 0      | 0    | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | . 0    | 0      | 1    | 0      | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | . 0    | 0      | 0  | 0      |
| gra              | ↑<br>I       |    |        |    |        | •      |        |        |      |       |        |        |        |        |        |      |        |       |        |        |        | •      |        |    |        |
| Green gray scale | ↓<br>hriaht  | 0  | 0      | 0  | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 1     | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 0    | 1      | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0  | 0      |
| Ğ                | bright       | 0  | 0      | 0  | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 1     | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1    | 0      | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0  | 0      |
|                  | Green        | 0  | 0      | 0  | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 1     | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1    | 1      | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0  | 0      |
|                  | Black        | 0  | 0      | 0  | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 0      | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0  | 0      |
|                  | DIACK        | 0  | 0      | 0  | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 0      | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0  | 1      |
| cale             | dark         | 0  | 0      | 0  | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 0      | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 1  | 0      |
| Blue gray scale  |              | Ŭ  | 0      | Ŭ  | Ŭ      | :      | Ŭ      | Ŭ      | Ŭ    | Ŭ     | Ŭ      | Ŭ      | Ŭ      | :      | Ŭ      | Ŭ    | Ŭ      | -     | -      | ~      | -      | :      | -      | -  | ~      |
| gra              | Ļ            |    |        |    |        | :      |        |        |      |       |        |        |        | :      |        |      |        |       |        |        |        | :      |        |    |        |
| lue              | ↓<br>bright  | 0  | 0      | 0  | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 0      | 1     | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 0  | 1      |
| В                | 0            | 0  | 0      | 0  | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 0      | 1     | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1  | 0      |
|                  | Blue         | 0  | 0      | 0  | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 0     | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0    | 0      | 1     | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1  | 1      |

#### 4.6.3 262,144 colors

This product can display equivalent of 262,144 colors in 64 gray scales by combination ②. (See "**4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals and FRC signal**".) Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as the following table.

| Display colors   |                |        |        |        |        |        | Data   |        | al (0: | Low    |        |        | ligh le |        |            |        |        |        |            |
|------------------|----------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|------------|--------|--------|--------|------------|
| Display          | colors         | R 5    | R4     | R 3    | R 2    | R 1    | R 0    | G5     | G4     | G3     | G2     | G1     | G0      | B5     | <b>B</b> 4 | B3     | B 2    | B 1    | <b>B</b> 0 |
|                  | Black          | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0       | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          |
|                  | Blue           | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0       | 1      | 1          | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1          |
| ors              | Red            | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0       | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          |
| Basic colors     | Magenta        | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0       | 1      | 1          | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1          |
| ısic             | Green          | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1       | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          |
| Βį               | Cyan           | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1       | 1      | 1          | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1          |
|                  | Yellow         | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1       | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          |
|                  | White          | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1       | 1      | 1          | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1          |
|                  | Black          | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0       | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          |
| е                |                | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 1      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0       | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          |
| scal             | dark           | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 1      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0       | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          |
| Red gray scale   |                |        |        | :      | :      |        |        |        |        |        | :      |        |         |        |            |        | :      |        |            |
| d gi             | $\downarrow$   |        |        | :      | :      |        |        |        |        |        | :      |        |         |        |            |        | :      |        |            |
| Rec              | bright         | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 0      | 1      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0       | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          |
|                  |                | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0       | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          |
|                  | Red            | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0       | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          |
|                  | Black          | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0       | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          |
| ale              |                | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 1       | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          |
| y sc             | dark           | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 1      | 0       | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          |
| Green gray scale | ↑<br>I         |        |        | :      |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |         |        |            |        | :      |        |            |
| en               | ↓<br>• • • • . | 0      | 0      | 0      | :      | 0      | 0      | 1      | 1      | 1      | : 1    | 0      | 1       | 0      | 0          | 0      | :      | 0      | 0          |
| Gre              | bright         | 0<br>0 | 0<br>0 | 0<br>0 | 0<br>0 | 0<br>0 | 0<br>0 | 1<br>1 | 1<br>1 | 1<br>1 | 1<br>1 | 0<br>1 | 1<br>0  | 0<br>0 | 0<br>0     | 0<br>0 | 0<br>0 | 0<br>0 | 0<br>0     |
|                  | Green          | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1       | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          |
|                  |                | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0       | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0          |
|                  | Black          | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0       | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0      | 0      | 1          |
| ale              | 1 1            | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0       | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0      | 1      | 0          |
| / sc             | dark<br>↑      | 0      | 0      | 0      | . 0    | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | . 0    | 0      | 0       | 0      | 0          | 0      | . 0    | 1      | 0          |
| Blue gray scale  | ↑<br>          |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |        | •      |        |         |        |            |        |        |        |            |
| ne               | ↓<br>bright    | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0       | 1      | 1          | 1      | 1      | 0      | 1          |
| Bl               | origin         | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0       | 1      | 1          | 1      | 1      | 1      | 0          |
|                  | Blue           | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0      | 0       | 1      | 1          | 1      | 1      | 1      | 1          |
|                  | Dide           | v      | 0      | v      | 0      | 0      | 0      | v      | 0      | Ū      | 0      | 0      | 5       | 1      |            | 1      |        | 1      | 1          |

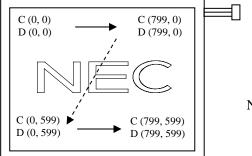
#### 4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS

The following table is the coordinates per pixel (See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".).

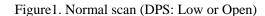
| C (0,                                   | 0)         |       |            |       |             |             |
|---|------------|-------|------------|-------|-------------|-------------|
| R G                                     | В          |       |            |       |             |             |
| $\begin{pmatrix} C(0, 0) \end{pmatrix}$ | C( 1, 0)   | • • • | C( X, 0)   | • • • | C(798, 0)   | C(799, 0)   |
| C(0, 1)                                 | C(1, 1)    | • • • | C( X, 1)   | • •   | C(798, 1)   | C(799, 1)   |
| •                                       | •          | •     | •          | •     | •           | •           |
| •                                       | •          | • • • | •          | • • • | •           | • • •       |
| •                                       | •          | •     | •          | •     | •           | •           |
| C( 0, Y)                                | C( 1, Y)   | • • • | C( X, Y)   | • • • | C(798, Y)   | C(799, Y)   |
| •                                       | •          | •     | •          | •     | •           | •           |
| •                                       | •          | • • • | •          | • • • | •           | •           |
| •                                       | •          | •     | •          | •     | •           | •           |
| C( 0, 598)                              | C(1, 598)  | • • • | C( X, 598) | • • • | C(798, 598) | C(799, 598) |
| C( 0, 599)                              | C( 1, 599) | •••   | C( X, 599) | • • • | C(798, 599) | C(799, 599) |

#### 4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS

The following figures are seen from a front view. Also the arrow shows the direction of scan.



Note1



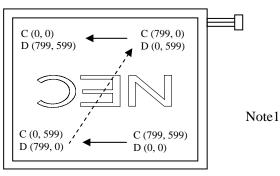
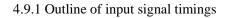


Figure2. Reverse scan (DPS: High)

#### Note1: Meaning of C (X, Y) and D (X, Y)

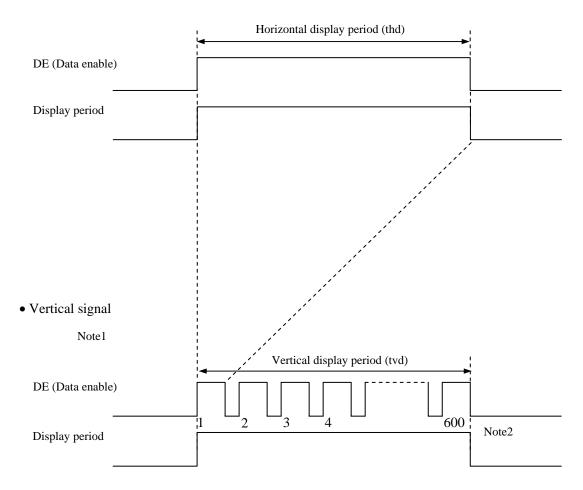
C (X, Y): The coordinates of the display position (See "**4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS**".) D (X, Y): The data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing board

#### 4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS



• Horizontal signal

Note1



Note1: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing. Note2: See "**4.9.3 Input signal timing chart**" for numeration of pulse.

#### 4.9.2 Timing characteristics

| 2 Thing | enaracteristics         | ,              |        |        |        |      | (Note           | 1, Note2, Note3)                      |  |  |
|---------|-------------------------|----------------|--------|--------|--------|------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
|         | Paramete                | er             | Symbol | min.   | typ.   | max. | Unit            | Remarks                               |  |  |
|         | Fre                     | 1/tc           | 34.0   | 38.362 | 40.0   | MHz  | 26.067ns (typ.) |                                       |  |  |
| CLK     | ]                       | Duty           | -      |        |        |      | -               |                                       |  |  |
|         | Rise tin                | -              |        | -      |        | ns   | -               |                                       |  |  |
|         | CLK-DATA                | Setup time     | -      |        |        |      | ns              |                                       |  |  |
| DATA    | CLK-DATA                | Hold time      | -      |        | -      |      | ns              | -                                     |  |  |
|         | Rise tin                | -              |        |        |        | ns   |                 |                                       |  |  |
|         |                         | Cycle          | th     | 24.0   | 26.693 | 30.1 | μs              | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |  |  |
|         | Horizontal              | Cycle          | ui     | -      | 1,024  | -    | CLK             | 37.463kHz (typ.)                      |  |  |
|         |                         | Display period | thd    |        | 800    |      | CLK             |                                       |  |  |
|         | X7 (* 1                 | Cycle          | tv     | 16.1   | 16.683 | 17.2 | ms              |                                       |  |  |
| DE      | Vertical<br>(One frame) | Cycle          | tv     | -      | 625    | -    | Н               | 59.94Hz (typ.)                        |  |  |
|         | (one name)              | Display period | tvd    |        | 600    |      | Н               |                                       |  |  |
|         | CLK-DE                  | Setup time     | -      |        |        |      | ns              |                                       |  |  |
|         | CLK-DE                  | Hold time      | -      |        |        |      | ns              | -                                     |  |  |
|         | Rise tin                | -              |        |        |        | ns   |                 |                                       |  |  |

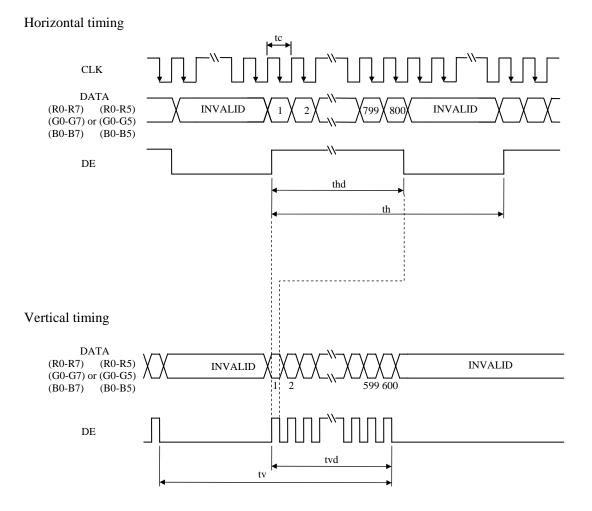
Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

tc=1CLK, th=1H

Note2: See the data sheet of LVDS transmitter.

Note3: Vertical cycle (tv) should be specified in integral multiple of Horizontal cycle (th).

#### 4.9.3 Input signal timing chart



#### 4.10 OPTICS

#### 4.10.1 Optical characteristics

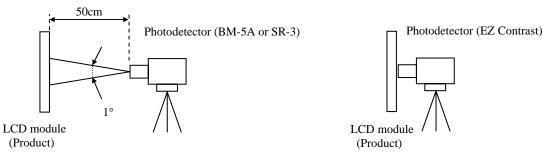
| r entara |   |   |  |  |  |   | (Note1,   | Note2)  |  |
|----------|---|---|--|--|--|---|---|---|--|
| r        | Condition   | Symbol  | min.   | typ.   | max.   | Unit  | Measuring instrument  | Remarks   |  |
| e        | White at center<br>$\theta R = 0^\circ, \ \theta L = 0^\circ, \ \theta U = 0^\circ, \ \theta D = 0^\circ$                             | L   | 500  | 650  | -  | cd/m <sup>2</sup>   | BM-5A   | -   |  |
| tio      | White/Black at center<br>$\theta R = 0^\circ, \ \theta L = 0^\circ, \ \theta U = 0^\circ, \ \theta D = 0^\circ$                       | CR  | 300  | 600  | -  | -   | BM-5A   | Note3   |  |
| formity  | White $\theta R = 0^\circ, \ \theta L = 0^\circ, \ \theta U = 0^\circ, \ \theta D = 0^\circ$  | LU  | -  | 1.25   | 1.4  | -   | BM-5A   | Note4   |  |
| White    | <b>x</b> coordinate   | Wx  | 0.283  | 0.313  | 0.343  | -   |   |   |  |
| white    | <b>y</b> coordinate   | Wy  | 0.299  | 0.329  | 0.359  | -   |   |   |  |
| Red      | <b>x</b> coordinate   | Rx  | -  | 0.584  | -  | -   |   |   |  |
| Reu      | <b>y</b> coordinate   | Ry  | -  | 0.341  | -  | -   |   |   |  |
| Green    | <b>x</b> coordinate   | Gx  | -  | 0.324  | -  | -   | SP-3  | Note5   |  |
| often    | <b>y</b> coordinate   | Gy  | -  | 0.535  | -  | -   | 51-5  |   |  |
| Blue     | <b>x</b> coordinate   | Bx  | -  | 0.158  | -  | -   |   |   |  |
| Diuc     | <b>y</b> coordinate   | By  | -  | 0.157  | -  | -   |   |   |  |
| ut       | $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta D = 0^{\circ}$<br>at center, against NTSC color space | С   | 35   | 40   | -  | %   |   |   |  |
| ma       | White to Black  | Ton   | -  | 6  | 15   | ms  | <b>BM 2</b> V   | Note6   |  |
| me       | Black to White  | Toff  | -  | 19   | 47   | ms  | DM-JA   | Note7   |  |
| Right    | $\theta U=0^{\circ}, \ \theta D=0^{\circ}, \ CR\geq 10$   | θR  | 70   | 80   | -  | 0   |   | Note8   |  |
| Left     | $\theta U=0^{\circ}, \ \theta D=0^{\circ}, \ CR\geq 10$   | θL  | 70   | 80   | -  | 0   | EZ  |   |  |
| Up       | $\theta R = 0^\circ, \ \theta L = 0^\circ, \ CR \ge 10$   | θU  | 70   | 80   | -  | 0   | Contrast  |   |  |
| Down     | $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ CR \ge 10$   | θD  | 50   | 60   | -  | $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   |   |   |  |
|          | r<br>e<br>tio<br>formity<br>White<br>Red<br>Green<br>Blue<br>ut<br>ut<br>Right<br>Left<br>Up  | PeWhite at center<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ White/Black at center<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ FormityWhite<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ White $\mathbf{x}$ coordinateWhite $\mathbf{y}$ coordinateRed $\mathbf{x}$ coordinateGreen $\mathbf{x}$ coordinateBlue $\mathbf{x}$ coordinateBlue $\mathbf{x}$ coordinateut $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$<br>at center, against NTSC color spacemeWhite to BlackRight $\theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$ Left $\theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$ Up $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$ | rConditionSymboleWhite at center<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LtioWhite/Black at center<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ CRformityWhite<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LUWhite<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LUWhite<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ KWhite<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ RxWhite<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ RyGreen<br>$y$ coordinateRyRed<br>$y$ coordinateGyBlue<br>$u$ $\mathbf{x}$ coordinateBx $\mathbf{y}$ coordinateByut $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, \theta C$ CmeWhite to BlackTonBlack to WhiteToffRight $\theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$ $\theta L$ Up $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$ $\theta U$ | rConditionSymbolmin.eWhite at center<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ L500tioWhite/Black at center<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ CR300formityWhite<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LU-white<br> | rConditionSymbolmin.typ.eWhite at center<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ L500650tioWhite/Black at center<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ CR300600formityWhite<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LU-1.25White<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LU-1.25White<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LU-1.25White<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ K0.2830.313White<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ Rx-0.584y coordinateRx-0.584green<br>$for condinateGx-0.324y coordinateGy-0.535Bluefor condinateBx-0.158y coordinateBy-0.157ut\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}at center, against NTSC color spaceC3540meWhite to BlackTon-6Black to WhiteToff-19Right\theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, C R \ge 10\theta R7080Up\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, C R \ge 10\theta U7080$ | rConditionSymbolmin.typ.max. $e$ White at center<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ L500650-tioWhite/Black at center<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ CR300600-formityWhite<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LU-1.251.4White<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LU-1.251.4White<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ K0.2830.3130.343White<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ WiteN0.2990.3290.359Red<br>Greenx coordinateRx-0.584-y coordinateRy-0.341-Green<br>Bluex coordinateBx-0.158-with<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ C355400-ut $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ C355400-me<br>HightWhite to BlackTon-615Black to WhiteToff-1947Right $\theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, C R \ge 10$ $\theta R$ 7080-Up $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, C R \ge 10$ $\theta U$ 7080- | rConditionSymbolmin.typ.max.Unit $e$ White at center<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ L500650- $cd/m^2$ tioWhite/Black at center<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ CR300600formityWhite<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LU-1.251.4-formityWhite<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ LU-1.251.4-white<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ K0.2830.3130.343-White<br>$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ K0.2990.3290.359-Redx coordinateRx-0.584green<br>$\theta r coordinateRy-0.341Nut\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ$ | $ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ |  |

Note1: These are initial characteristics.

Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta= 25°C, VCC= 3.3V, IBL= 5.0mArms/lamp, Display mode: SVGA, Horizontal cycle= 1/37.463kHz, Vertical cycle= 1/59.94Hz, DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation after 20minutes from working the product, in the dark room. Also measurement methods are as follows.



Note3: See "4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio".

- Note4: See "4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity".
- Note5: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.
- Note6: Product surface temperature: TopF= 28°C
- Note7: See "4.10.4 Definition of response times".
- Note8: See "4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles".

## NEC NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

#### 4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio

The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

Contrast ratio (CR) = Luminance of white screen Luminance of black screen

4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

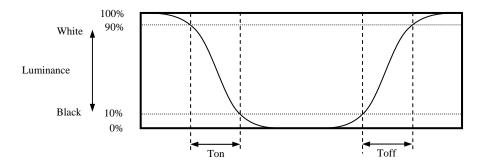
 $Luminance uniformity (LU) = \frac{Maximum luminance from (1) to (5)}{Minimum luminance from (1) to (5)}$ 

The luminance is measured at near the 5 points shown below.

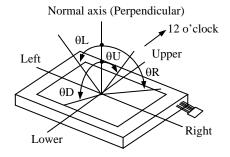
|     | 133 | 400 | 667 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 100 | 1   |     | @   |
| 300 | +   | 3   |     |
| 500 |     |     | 5   |

#### 4.10.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured, the luminance changes from "white" to "black", or "black" to "white" on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time it takes the luminance change from 90% down to 10%. Also Toff is the time it takes the luminance change from 10% up to 90% (See the following diagram.).



4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles

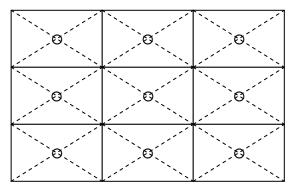


#### 5. RELIABILITY TESTS

|  |  | (Note1)  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Test item                                    | Condition  | Judgment                                       |  |  |  |
| High temperature and humidity<br>(Operation) | <ol> <li>60 ± 2°C, RH= 90%, 240hours</li> <li>Display data is black.</li> </ol>  |  |  |  |  |
| High temperature<br>(Operation)              | <ol> <li>70 ± 3°C, 240hours</li> <li>Display data is black.</li> </ol>   |  |  |  |  |
| Heat cycle<br>(Operation)                    | <ol> <li>-20 ± 3°C1hour<br/>70 ± 3°C1hour</li> <li>50cycles, 4 hours/cycle</li> <li>Display data is black.</li> </ol>                                      |  |  |  |  |
| Thermal shock<br>(Non operation)             | <ol> <li>-30 ± 3°C30minutes<br/>80 ± 3°C30minutes</li> <li>100cycles, 1hour/cycle</li> <li>Temperature transition time is within<br/>5 minutes.</li> </ol> | No display malfunctions                        |  |  |  |
| ESD<br>(Operation)                           | <ol> <li>150pF, 150Ω, ±10kV</li> <li>9 places on a panel surface Note2</li> <li>10 times each places at 1 sec interval</li> </ol>                          |  |  |  |  |
| Dust<br>(Operation)                          | <ol> <li>Sample dust: No. 15 (by JIS-Z8901))</li> <li>15 seconds stir</li> <li>8 times repeat at 1 hour interval</li> </ol>                                |  |  |  |  |
| Vibration<br>(Non operation)                 | <ol> <li>5 to 100Hz, 19.6m/s<sup>2</sup></li> <li>1 minute/cycle</li> <li>X, Y, Z direction</li> <li>120 times each directions</li> </ol>                  | No display malfunctions<br>No physical damages |  |  |  |
| Mechanical shock<br>(Non operation)          | <ol> <li>539m/s<sup>2</sup>, 11ms</li> <li>±X, ±Y, ±Z direction</li> <li>5 times each directions</li> </ol>  |  |  |  |  |

Note1: Display and appearance are checked under environmental conditions equivalent to the inspection conditions of defect criteria.

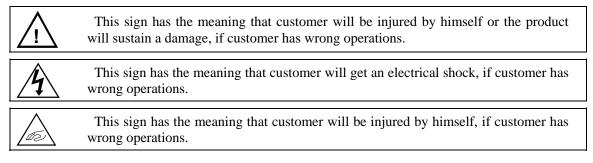
Note2: See the following figure for discharge points.



#### 6. PRECAUTIONS

#### 6.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. **Be sure to read "6.2 CAUTIONS" and "6.3 ATTENTIONS", after understanding these contents!** 



#### 6.2 CAUTIONS

\* Do not touch the working backlight. There is a danger of an electric shock.

- \* Do not touch the working backlight. There is a danger of burn injury.
- \* Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: To be not greater 539m/s<sup>2</sup> and to be not greater 11ms, Pressure: To be not greater 19.6 N (φ16mm jig))

6.3 ATTENTIONS

6.3.1 Handling of the product

- ① Take hold of both ends without touching the circuit board when the product (LCD module) is picked up from inner packing box to avoid broken down or misadjustment, because of stress to mounting parts on the circuit board.
- ② Do not hook nor pull cables such as lamp cable, and so on, in order to avoid any damage.
- ③ When the product is put on the table temporarily, display surface must be placed downward.
- ④ When handling the product, take the measures of electrostatic discharge with such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, because the product may be damaged by electrostatic.
- ⑤ The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m. Higher torque might result in distortion of the bezel.
- ⑤ The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area). Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion may cause display mura.
- ⑦ Do not press or rub on the sensitive product surface. When cleaning the product surface, use of the cloth with ethanolic liquid such as screen cleaner for LCD is recommended.
- ③ Do not push nor pull the interface connectors while the product is working.

- Do not bend or unbend the lamp cable at the near part of the lamp holding rubber, to avoid the damage for high voltage side of the lamp.
- Properly connect the plug (backlight side) to adaptable socket (inverter side) without incomplete connection. After connecting, be careful not to hook the lamp cables because incomplete connection may occur by hooking the lamp cables. This incomplete connection may cause abnormal operation of high voltage circuit.
- ① If the lamp cable is attached on the metal part of the product directly, high frequency leak current to the metal part may occur, then the brightness may decrease or the lamp may not be turned on.
- When handling the product, use of an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer) is recommended for protection of product surface. Adhesive type protection sheet may change color or characteristics of the polarizer.
- ③ Usually liquid crystals don't leak through the breakage of glasses because of the surface tension of thin layer and the construction of LCD panel. But, if you contact with liquid crystal for the worst, please wash it out with soap.

#### 6.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in packing box with antistatic pouch in room temperature to avoid dusts and sunlight, when storing the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurring by temperature difference, the product packing box should be opened after enough time being left under the environment of an unpacking room. Evaluate the leaving time sufficiently because a situation of dew condensation occurring is changed by the environmental temperature and humidity. (Recommended leaving time: 6 hours or more with packing state)
- ③ Do not operate in high magnetic field. Circuit boards may be broken down by it.
- ④ This product is not designed as radiation hardened.

#### 6.3.3 Characteristics

#### The following items are neither defects nor failures.

- ① Characteristics of the LCD (such as response time, luminance, color uniformity and so on) may be changed depending on ambient temperature. If the product is stored under condition of low temperature for a long time, it may cause display mura. In this case, the product should be operated after enough time being left under condition of operating temperature.
- ② Display mura, flicker, vertical seam or small spot may be observed depending on display patterns.
- ③ Optical characteristics (e.g. luminance, display uniformity, etc.) gradually is going to change depending on operating time, and especially low temperature, because the LCD has cold cathode fluorescent lamps.
- ④ Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- (5) The display color may be changed depending on viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- <sup>(6)</sup> Optical characteristics may be changed depending on input signal timings.
- ⑦ The interference noise between input signal frequency for this product's signal processing board and luminance control frequency of the inverter may appear on a display. Set up luminance control frequency of the inverter so that the interference noise does not appear.
- ③ After the product is stored under condition of low temperature or dark place for a long time, the cold cathode fluorescent lamp may not be turned on under the same condition because of the general characteristic of cold cathode fluorescent lamp. In addition, when Luminance control ratio is low in pulse width modulation method inverter, the lamp may not be turned on. In this case, power should be supplied again.

#### 6.3.4 Other

- ① All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust variable resistors.
- ③ See "REPLACEMENT MANUAL FOR LAMP HOLDER SET", when replacing backlight lamps.
- ④ Pay attention not to insert foreign materials inside of the product, when using tapping screws.
- ⑤ Pack the product with original shipping package, in order to avoid any damages during transportation, when returning the product to NEC for repair and so on.
- 6 The information of China RoHS directive six hazardous substances or elements in this product is as follows.

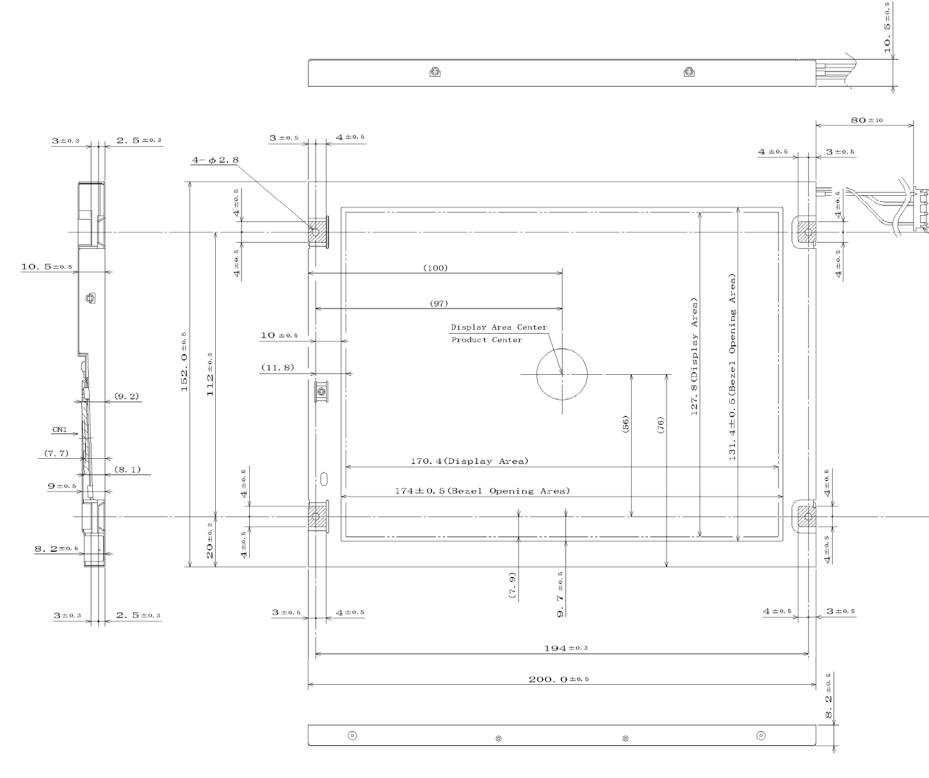
|              | China RoHS directive six hazardous substances or elements |                 |                                   |                                     |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------|---|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Lead<br>(Pb) | Mercury<br>(Hg)   | Cadmium<br>(Cd) | Hexavalent<br>Chromium<br>(Cr VI) | Polybrominated<br>Biphenys<br>(PBB) | Polybrominated<br>Biphenyl Ethers<br>(PBDE) |  |  |  |  |  |
| ×            | ×   | 0               | 0                                 | 0                                   | 0   |  |  |  |  |  |

Note1: O: This indicates that the poisonous or harmful material in all the homogeneous materials for this part is equal or below the limitation level of SJ/T11363-2006 standard regulation.

 $\times$ : This indicates that the poisonous or harmful material in all the homogeneous materials for this part is above the limitation level of SJ/T11363-2006 standard regulation.

#### 7. OUTLINE DRAWINGS

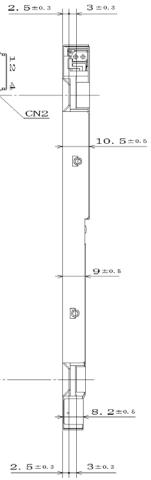
7.1 FRONT VIEW



Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m. Note3: Mounting hole portions (4 pieces)

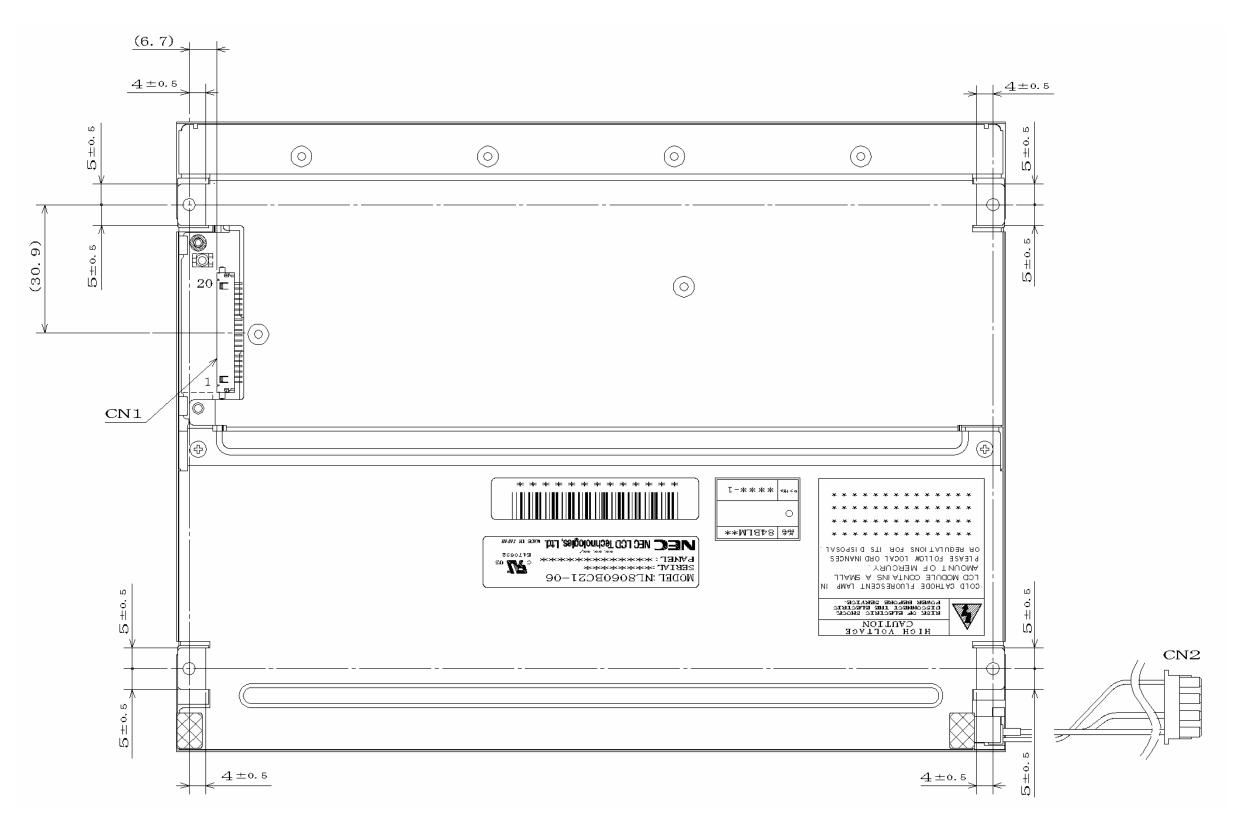
### NL8060BC21-06



Unit: mm

## **NEC** NEC LCD Technologies, Ltd.

#### 7.2 REAR VIEW



Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference. Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m.

### NL8060BC21-06

Unit: mm